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#### **Introductory Note**

The Fund was established on 14 August 1995 as an Open-Ended Investment Fund. In 2015, it changed its name from Millennium Prestige Moderado to IMGA Prestige Moderado, in line with the name change of all the funds managed by IMGA following the acquisition of Millennium Gestão de Ativos from Millennium Bcp.

On 11 January 2018, it changed its name again, to IMGA Alocação Moderada, to better designate its investment policy and facilitate a more adequate perception of its risk policy.

On 26 October 2018, the fund IMGA Dedicado Acumulação – Fundo de Investimento Mobiliário Aberto Flexível (Flexible Open-ended Investment Fund) was merged by incorporation into the fund IMGA Alocação Moderada – Fundo de Investimento Mobiliário Aberto.

As of 28 November 2019, Category I of Shares of this Fund became available for sale but has not yet been constituted.

Category R of Shares of this Fund has been available for sale since 1 April 2021, having been constituted on 3 May 2021.

#### **Overview of Market Evolution**

2022 ended with widespread losses in the different asset classes, from the highest risk segment to the most defensive ones in the fixed income universe, in sharp contrast to the valuations recorded at the end of 2021, caused by expansionist monetary policies and optimism about the end of the pandemic.

This year's negative returns were caused both by the deterioration of economic fundamentals and by the rising behavior of interest rates. The prospects for economic activity in 2022 already pointed to a slowdown in the pace of growth, a trend that was reinforced in view of the economic implications of the Russian invasion of Ukraine and the need for central banks to confront the highest levels of inflation since the 1970/80s, through the most aggressive cycle of policy rate hikes since then.

The trajectory of government interest rates was upward, as a result of the increase in real rates in both the US and Germany, which reached peaks since 2009 and 2014, respectively, and contributed decisively to the annual variation of the nominal 10-year interest rate by 236bp in the US (to 3.87%) and by 275bp in Germany (to 2.57%). The aggressiveness of the rate hike cycle in the short-term meant more pronounced increases in interest rates with shorter maturities, which gave rise to the inversion of the respective yield curves.

The end of the European Central Bank (ECB) purchase program and the upward trajectory of German interest rates compromised carry strategies and contributed to widening interest rate differentials in the periphery vis-à-vis Germany. Italy's 10-year spread widened by 79bp, and the Portuguese and Spanish funding cost differentials recorded increases of 37bp and 35bp, respectively.

The perception of deterioration in fundamentals assumed a decisive role in the performance of riskier classes. More specifically, despite the growth estimates of corporate earnings not having suffered significant downward revisions during 2022, the increase in financing costs and the expectation of a rise in defaults and a drop in earnings contributed to somewhat significant devaluations in the equity class and to a widening of corporate debt spreads.

The increase in sovereign interest rates was decisive for the profitability of the other fixed income segments, in particular for sub-segments with better credit quality, typically more exposed to interest rate risk. The combination of higher interest rates and strong spread widenings meant negative returns on investment grade corporate debt (-13.7% in Europe).

Segments with greater credit risk, such as high yield, also had negative returns in 2022 (-10.6%). Despite the historically low levels of default, the expectation of deterioration in fundamentals and the rise in funding costs in Europe contributed to the occurrence of a significant widening of the respective spreads, which reached maximum levels since the pandemic crisis. The contribution of the rise in interest rates was also negative for the profitability of this segment, albeit comparatively less than for the investment grade. The performance of the subordinated debt sub-segment followed the performance of high yield, with devaluations of more than 13% in Europe.

The universe of emerging market debt was equally under pressure in 2022, as a result of the restrictive actions of the central banks of the main developed economies, the appreciation of the US dollar and more specifically the feeling of risk aversion that prevailed in the financial markets throughout the year. The negative profitability of this segment was also due to the negative contribution of the interest rate component and the widening of the respective spreads, which led to losses of more than 20% in 2022. China's economic fragility also contributed to the increase in the volatility levels of the universe. The corporate debt of emerging countries also suffered a widening of spreads and negative yields in the year (-16%), although less pronounced than those of sovereign debt.

The profitability of most equity markets in 2022 was negative, associated with the aforementioned perception of deterioration in fundamentals, its expected impact on business results and the expected compression of operating



margins in an environment of still high inflation and lower ability to set prices in a more unfavorable macroeconomic environment.

However, the evolution of equity class valuations was not determined, in 2022, by the evolution of results, which showed growth, but rather by the adjustment in market multiples. The evolution of these reflected the increase in interest rates, the feeling of greater risk aversion and more challenging financial conditions. The correction of the multiples focused mainly on shares with the highest premium, such as those with the greatest duration effect, namely the growth style, which includes several shares in the technology sector. In contrast, styles with dividend yield and value biases were highlighted positively, in relative terms.

The dispersion of returns was considerable, as can be seen from the appreciation of the Portuguese PSI index (+2.8%) and the British FTSE 100 (+0.9%), as a result of the respective sector compositions with value bias. The negative highlights in Europe were the Dutch (-13.7%) and German (-12.3%) markets, reflecting their more cyclical nature and the implications of the energy crisis. In the US, the S&P500 lost 19.4%, with the real estate, technology and retail sectors among the most fragile, largely as a result of interest rate hikes and more pessimistic economic prospects. Conversely, insurance companies, banks and defensive sectors such as healthcare and pharmaceuticals were in the positive spotlight in 2022. Lower market capitalization indices recorded losses on average higher than those of higher capitalization, both in Europe and in the US.

In aggregate terms, the MSCI World index depreciated 19.5% (in dollars), with emerging market indices among the most penalized (-22.4%), and also with high dispersion (appreciation of the Brazilian index and sharp drop in indices from China).

The Fed's more prominent action, the respective rise in interest rates and risk aversion constituted a favorable environment for the US dollar, particularly against the Japanese currency (+13.9%) and the euro (6.2 %), who registered multi-year minimums. Emerging market currencies were under pressure throughout the year, with aggregate losses of over 5%.

The performance of the basket of raw materials was positive in 2022 (+16.1%), despite the upward trend of the dollar. Industrial metals and wood stood out on the negative side, as opposed to the globally favorable performances of agricultural goods and the energy segment.

#### **Main Events**

#### **CONSTITUTION OF CATEGORY I OF SHARES**

On 27 January 2022, Category I was constituted for the IMGA European Equities Fund.

On 3 February, Category I was constituted for the IMGA Iberia Equities Selection ESG and IMGA Iberia Fixed Income ESG Funds, and on 14 February it was constituted for the Money Market, IMGA Ações América and IMGA Global Equities Selection Funds.

#### IMGA ALOCAÇÃO DEFENSIVA

On 25 January, the IMGA Retorno Global Fund changed its investment policy, as well as its name to IMGA Alocação Defensiva.

#### CONSTITUTION OF CATEGORY R OF SHARES FOR THE IMGA LIQUIDEZ FUND

On 10 May Category R was constituted for the IMGA Liquidez Fund.

#### **INCLUSION OF A NEW TRADING ENTITY**

On 24 de October, Caixa Central Crédito Agrícola was included as a new trading entity of the IMGA Alocação Defensiva and IMGA Investimento PPR/OICVM funds.

#### **IMGA PME FLEX**

On 15 November, the distribution of Category I Units of the IMGA PME Flex fund began. This Fund started its activity on 2 January 2023.

#### CONSTITUTION OF THE IMGA FINANCIAL BONDS 3Y, 2,25%, Série I FUND

On 27 December 2022, CMVM authorized the constitution of the IMGA Financial Bonds, 3 Y, 2.25%, Série I fund, an openended fund of limited duration, to be distributed through Millennium BCP and Caixa Central de Crédito Agrícola Mútuo. The Fund started to be distributed on 2<sup>nd</sup> January 2023.

#### UPDATES TO THE CONSTITUTIVE DOCUMENTS OF THE FUNDS MANAGED BY THE COMPANY

In January 2022, following the entry into force of the Taxonomy Regulation, a mention was introduced in the Securities Investment Funds' Prospectuses about the alignment of the Funds with the aforementioned Regulation.

In February, the process of the first annual update of the Prospectuses and documents with the Key Investor Information (KII) of the entire IMGA Fund offer was concluded.

In April, the deadline applicable to subscription and redemption processes carried out through Banco Best was changed.

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In May, the 2nd mandatory annual update of the constitutive documents of the Funds was completed, with the Total Expense Ratio (TER) updated with reference to the year 2021.

In June, the Prospectus of the IMGA Rendimento Semestral Fund was amended, following the change in the Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator.

In October, changes were made to all funds' prospectuses (except for the Iberia funds), updating their adaptation process in terms of sustainability and bringing them into line with article 8 of the SFDR.

Throughout 2022, changes were also made related to the extension of the reductions in the management fee, accommodating the current environment of interest rates at historic lows and always considering the defense of the interests of participants.

#### PUBLICATION OF THE REPORTS AND ACCOUNTS OF THE FUNDS MANAGED BY THE COMPANY

On 29 April and 30 August, the Reports and Accounts of the funds managed by IMGA were published on the CMVM website.

#### **CROSS-BORDER MARKETING OF IMGA FUNDS**

On 2 December, following the delivery to the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores («CNMV») of notifications for marketing, on a cross-border basis, the funds IMGA European Equities, IMGA Iberia Fixed Income ESG, IMGA Money Market, IMGA Global Equities Selection, IMGA Iberia Equities ESG and IMGA Ações América, a letter from the CMVM was received informing IMGA of the registration of these funds with that Competent Spanish Authority.

#### **IMPLEMENTATION OF PRIIPS REGULATION**

On 30 December, in order to adapt the pre-contractual documentation to the entry into force of the PRIIPs (Packaged Retail Investment and Insurance Products) Regulation for Investment Funds, a new pre-contractual information document (KID - Key Information Document) which replaced the KIID (Key Investor Information Document) for all Investment Funds covered by this regulation.

#### **PRIVATE EQUITY FUNDS**

The Almond Tree Private Equity Fund – FCR started its activity on 8 September.

On 28 December, the capital of the Capitalves Fund, FCR (VFC) was increased.

#### CHANGE OF THE EXTERNAL AUDITOR'S REPRESENTATIVE

As from 1 July, Mazars & Associados – SROC, SA is now represented by Mr. Pedro Miguel Pires de Jesus, as external auditor of IM Gestão de Ativos – SGOIC, SA and Auditor of the CIU managed by the Company.

# Performance of Multi-asset and PPR (Retirement Savings Schemes) Funds

Multi-asset funds faced a very challenging year in 2022, since asset diversification did not work, as the decorrelation in the various categories decreased and was generally negative. Equity, bond and derivatives markets underperformed on a global scale. The different compositions of funds, according to the degree of risk associated with the portfolios, did not result as a whole and the market effect was negative.

Participants in this category of funds managed, as far as possible, to remain invested during the year and the volume of redemptions was attenuated as a result. The permanence period advised in the medium and long term for this category of funds has thus been respected by investors.

The multi-asset fund category at IMGA was responsible for 29% (€202m) of the negative variation in assets under management experienced during 2022. This variation increases to 42% (€292m) if we add the PPR (Retirement Savings Schemes) amounts, essentially multi-asset funds with long-term tax advantages for the participant. Profitability reductions in the financial markets had a very strong impact on the decrease in assets under management. In fact, the decrease was due to the contraction caused by the market effect since the aggregate balance of this category was positive by €2.3m. The importance of this category of savings in the medium and long term has managed to gain the preference of the Portuguese as an excellent investment alternative.

At the end of 2022, IMGA's total assets under management in multi-asset (€1,122m) and PPR funds (€506m) amount to €1,628m, representing 45% of total assets under management. Returns in this class varied between -6% and -15% in the year, depending on the level of implicit risk of the funds.

The IMGA Alocação Defensiva Fund results from the transformation of the IMGA Retorno Global bond fund into a multi-asset fund on January 25, 2022, thus having contributed with €19.5M to the category's increase at the end of the year.

	11	/EAR	3 YEARS			5 YEARS			
MULTI-ASSET AND PPR FUNDS	Annual Risk			Annual Risk		Annual	Risk	Risk	
	Perfomance	Volatility	SRI	Perfomance	Volatility	SRI	Perfomance	Volatility	SRI
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO DEFENSIVA CAT A	-12,34%	6,70%	4	-3,61%	6,23%	4	-2,02%	4,94%	4
IMGA FLEXÍVEL CAT A	-12,53%	8,27%	4	-2,57%	8,28%	4	-1,59%	6,72%	4
IMGA FLEXIVEL CAT R	-12,67%	8,27%	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO CONSERVADORA CAT A	-15,05%	8,45%	4	-2,75%	8,38%	4	-1,44%	6,84%	4
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO CONSERVADORA CAT R	-15,05%	8,47%	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MODERADA CAT A	-14,53%	9,59%	4	-1,07%	11,00%	5	-0,37%	9,32%	5
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MODERADA CAT R	-14,55%	9,60%	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO DINÂMICA CAT A	-15,77%	13,09%	5	-0,21%	15,84%	6	0,68%	13,72%	6
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO DINÂMICA CAT R	-15,84%	13,11%	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
EUROBIC SELEÇÃO TOP	-6,31%	4,17%	3	-1,96%	4,80%	3	-	-	3
IMGA POUPANÇA PPR CAT A	-15,16%	8,44%	4	-3,04%	8,41%	4	-1,62%	6,86%	4
IMGA POUPANÇA PPR CAT R	-15,23%	8,45%	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
IMGA INVESTIMENTO PPR CAT A	-14,62%	9,58%	4	-1,48%	11,06%	5	-0,61%	9,34%	5
IMGA INVESTIMENTO PPR CAT R	-14,91%	9,59%	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
EUROBIC PPR/OICVM Ciclo Vida -34	-12,99%	8,64%	4	-0,78%	10,08%	5	-	-	5
EUROBIC PPR/OICVM Ciclo Vida -35-44	-12,35%	8,08%	4	-0,83%	9,39%	4	-	-	4
EUROBIC PPR/OICVM Ciclo Vida -45-54	-11,71%	6,51%	4	-1,75%	7,14%	4	-	-	4
EUROBIC PPR/OICVM Ciclo Vida +55	-11,15%	5,23%	4	-2,89%	5,51%	4	-	-	4

Source: APFIPP as at 31 December 2022

#### Information regarding the Management of the Fund

IMGA's multi-asset funds showed negative returns in 2022, penalized by a very adverse market context, both for the bond segments and for the equity indices of the main geographies.

At the start of 2022, expectations were for very strong world growth, in a context of full reopening of the post-pandemic economy and inflation above the desirable level, but with a tendency to slow down. In this context, it was expected that interest rates would rise, namely with the reversal of monetary policies and the end of asset purchase programs, as it was anticipated that credit would provide low, albeit positive, returns, given the level of yields and expected low default rates. For equities, positive returns were expected, supported by the increase in corporate results. Given these prospects, a pro-risk positioning was implemented, with an underweighting of governments and investment grade credit, segments more sensitive to rising interest rates, and an overweighting of high yield, emerging market debt and equities.

Reality would, however, undergo a radical change, with the invasion of Ukraine and the consequent sanctions imposed on Russia. As these two countries are important producers of raw materials, namely agricultural and energy, the war in Ukraine impacted the raw materials market and, consequently, inflation, already penalized by the inability to resolve problems in supply chains. In this context of the continued rise in inflation, central banks, once convinced of its temporary nature, felt the need to react in such a way that it did not become self-sustainable. Reacting belatedly, the sudden change in attitude ended up promoting strong repricing in the markets, which impacted all bond and equity segments. On the other hand, consumers and corporates had to deal with an increase in energy costs and financing conditions, which, together with the rise in geopolitical risk and the partial confinements in China, as a result of its zero-Covid policy, penalized global economic growth. These negative developments led to a significant growth both in the feeling of risk aversion and in the risk premium demanded by investors, which culminated in the widening of credit spreads and the devaluation of the equity markets.

In this challenging environment, multi-asset funds reduced their exposure to equities to neutral, becoming more constructive in terms of credit, given the strong widening of spreads they recorded and the default probabilities they began to incorporate. In this sense, in the second half of the year, investment in investment grade credit was reinforced at the expense of alternatives, since the rise in interest rates and the widening of spreads increased the absolute and relative attractiveness of this class. The lower exposure to interest rates turned out to be a wise move, which was dynamically managed. At the end of the year, we started to be more constructive in terms of interest rates, given that inflation started to recede, although still at high levels, and the expectations of central bank action incorporated in the market seemed to us already in line with what would effectively happen.

In December 2022, Category A of IMGA Alocação Moderada presented a 1-year return of -14.5%, having reached a net asset value of €202.5m, 8.7% lower than the €221.9m of December 2021. In 2022, this Category recorded positive net sales of €14.9m, with subscriptions of €53.3m and redemptions of €38.4m.

In December 2022, Category R of the Fund presented a 1-year return of -14.6%, having recorded positive net sales, although not very expressive in terms of net asset value.

As a capitalization fund, it did not distribute income.

# Remunerations paid to Employees and Corporate Bodies of the Company

Pursuant to Article 161 (2) of the General Framework of Collective Investment Undertakings (GFCIU), the total amount of remunerations paid by the management entity to its employees and the aggregate amount of remunerations of senior management and supervisory bodies is presented below (amounts in euros):

#### **REMUNERATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2022**

MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISORY BODIES	FIXED INCOME	VARIABLE INCOME	NUMBER AS AT 31/12/2022
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE			
Chairman and Directors	300.457	154.159	3
Independent directors	40.080	-	1
SUPERVISORY BOARD			
Chairman and members	31.000	-	3
STAFF	FIXED INCOME	VARIABLE INCOME	NUMBER AS AT 31/12/2022
Employees	1.839.881	259.709	37

Pursuant to the Law and to Article 20(1) of its Articles of Association, the Company's supervisory model also includes a Statutory Auditor or Society of Statutory Auditors, who is not a member of the Supervisory Board, to whom €11,808 were paid for their services during 2022.

Notwithstanding the powers of the Supervisory Board and Statutory Auditor, or of the Society of Statutory Auditors, and as provided for in Article 21(1) of the Articles of Association, the General Meeting appointed an external auditor to audit the Company's accounts, whose services cost €31,980.

In 2022, the sum of  $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{c}}$ 2,500 was also paid as severance pay due to termination of employment contract.

#### **Valuation Errors**

Bearing in mind the provisions of paragraph 7 of article 161 of the GFCIU, we inform you that, in the financial year ended on 31 December 2022, due to errors in the process of valuing the shares of the Collective Investment Undertaking, the Management Company, considering paragraph 1 of article 41 of CMVM's Regulation 2/2015, republished by Regulation 3/2020, paid indemnities in the amount of €1,861.61 to the affected participants as compensation.

#### **Subsequent Events**

In the period between the end of the financial year and the preparation of this Report, there were no notable events.

#### **Background Notes**

# Open-ended Investment Fund IMGA Alocação Moderada

#### Identification

#### Type of Fund: Open-ended Investment Fund

Date of Incorporation: 16 august 1995 Management Company: IM Gestão de Ativos -

- Sociedade Gestora de Organismos de Investimento Coletivo, S.A.

Depositary Bank: Banco Comercial Português, S.A.

Portfolio Value as at 31 december 2022: 202.540 M Euros

YIELD AND RISK EVOLUTION										
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MO	IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MODERADA CAT A									
Yield	6,3%	4,0%	1,4%	0,4%	4,3%	-8,5%	10,9%	2,2%	10,8%	-14,5%
Risk (level)	3	4	4	4	3	4	3	6	4	4
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MO	DERADA (	CAT R								
Yield										-14,5%
Risk (level)										4

#### **INVESTMENT POLICY**

The Fund will seek to provide participants with a level of medium-/long-term profitability that exceeds that of money market instruments, through a balanced investment fund with diverse characteristics in terms of asset classes, financial assets, geographic areas, and currencies. In order to implement this policy, the Fund will invest at least 2/3 of its overall net value in participation units of other investment funds, including investment funds admitted to trading on regulated markets, namely ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) or other similar funds. The Fund may invest in investment funds managed by IMGA. The Fund may also invest in other undertakings for collective investment in securities, under the legal and regulatory terms. Up to 1/3 of its overall net value, the FUND may also invest in other securities, in money market instruments and in demand bank deposits or term deposits whose term does not exceed 12 months. Regardless of the investment decisions made by the Managing Entity at any given time, as a long-term investment strategy, and according to its expectations in relation to financial markets, the FUND will tend to invest, in a balanced way, in the following components, while seeking not to exceed the following maximum limits, as a percentage of its overall net value:

Asset / Funds Categories	Maximum
Fixed Income Bonds	70%
Equity Shares	66%



The disclosed returns represent past data and do not constitute a guarantee of future profitability. The annualized returns disclosed would only be obtained if the investment was made and maintained throughout the whole reference period. For the purpose of calculating returns, subscription, redemption and transfer fees, when applicable, are not taken into account, being net of all other commissions and charges. The tax regime for investment funds was changed as of July 1, 2015, so that the share values disclosed until June 30, 2015 are net of the tax borne by the fund at the time, but do not take into account the tax that may be owed by the Participants in relation to income earned in the period after that date. The Fund's risk level can vary between 1 (minimum risk) and 7 (maximum risk). Lower risk potentially implies a lower reward and higher risk potentially implies a higher reward. Investment in funds may imply the loss of the capital invested if the fund is not capital guaranteed.

EVOLUTION OF THE NUMBER OF SHARES AND SHARE VALUE										
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MODERADA CAT A	31.12.2018	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2021	31.12.2022					
Number of Outstanding Shares	12 099 691,4172	11 780 579,4976	11 693 977,7188	21 205 817,1095	22 649 044,9442					
Share Value (Euros)	8,3293	9,2348	9,4395	10,4620	8,9417					
IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MODERADA CAT R	31.12.2018	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2021	31.12.2022					
Number of Outstanding Shares				200,4009	4 598,7080					
Share Value (Euros)				5,2703	4,5037					

				COSTS A	ND FEES				
									Unit: thousand €
		2022		2021		2020		2019	
Market	Region	Volume / Market	Transaction costs and Fees	Volume / Market	Transaction costs and Fees	Volume / Market	Transaction costs and Fees	Volume / Market	Transaction cost: and Fees
Domestic Market	Portugal	5 094	7,3	3 447	11,1	4 230	13,5	8 777	15,3
European Union Markets	Germany	2 415		3 998		2 182		1 995	
zuropeun omon municio	Austria	- 1-2						23	
	France	8 295		9 426		3 707		8 952	
	Spain	4 382		5 502		2 713		4 244	
	Luxembourg	123 207		114 414		60 342		39 178	
	Ireland	37 227		46 574		20 623		11 784	
	Italy	1 554		5 042		1 894		8 823	
	Netherlands							55	
	Greece	1 472		3 909		2 118		2 694	
	Denmark							19	
	sub-total	178 551	72,0	188 865	57,9	93 578	80,5	82 982	53,6
Other Markets	USA	4 869		8 652		4 843		13 365	
Other Markets	United Kingdom	2 753		4 213		2 586		5 215	
	Switzerland	703		. ==0		- 550		113	
	Jersey	889							
	sub-total	9 214	6,2	12 865	0,0	7 429	12,1	13 478	5,0
	Total	192 859	85,5	205 177	69,0	105 237	106,1	105 237	73,9

#### **NET WORTH STATEMENT**

# 31.12.2022 Securities 192 859 018,31 Bank balances 8 008 539,83 Other assets 2 112 903,07 Total assets 202 980 461,21 Liabilities 440 410,52 Net Worth 202 540 050,69

#### **SECURITIES HELD**

(amounts in Euro)

						,	,	
Description of securities	Purchase	Capital	Losses	Portfolio	Accrued SUM		%	
Description of securities	Price	Gains	LUSSES	Value	Interest	JUIVI	70	
1.LISTED SECURITIES								
Portuguese M.C.O.B.V.	1 072 092	-	196 132	875 960	5 323	881 283	1%	
EU Member States M.C.O.B.V.	5 649 094	-	1 051 226	4 597 868	41 374	4 639 242	3%	
2. OTHER SECURITIES	2 100 545	-	-	2 100 545	12 666	2 113 211	1%	
3. PARTICIPATION UNITS	199 123 410	1 845 557	15 684 322	185 284 645	-	185 284 645	95%	
TOTAL	207 945 141	1 845 557	16 931 680	192 859 018	59 363	192 918 382	100%	

#### **MOVEMENTS**

(Amounts in Euro)

	(7 11110 111110 1111 2 111 0 )
Income	
Investment income	330 939
Other income	148 723
Capital gains from investments	54 227 963
Costs	
Management costs	(2 650 410)
Deposit costs	(106 013)
Other charges, fees and taxes	(260 536)
Investment losses	(85 835 758)
Trading costs	(87 307)
	(
Net income	(34 232 400)
Distributed income	
Increase or decrease in the capital account	
Subscriptions	53 303 422
Redemptions	(38 385 402)

#### **NET ASSET VALUE AND SHARE VALUE**

(Amounts in Euro)

	IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MOI	DERADA CAT A	IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MODERADA CAT R			
	Net Asset Value of the Fund	Share Value	Net Asset Value of the Fund	Share Value		
31.12.2020	110 385 006,50	9,4395				
31.12.2021	221 853 374,40	10,4620	1 056,17	5,2703		
31.12.2022	202 519 339,79	8,9417	20 710,90	4,5037		

#### PURCHASE AND SALE OF DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(amounts in Euro)

					(announte in Euro)
Description	31.12.2021	Purchases	Sales	Capital Gains / Losses	31.12.2022
Foreign Exchange Transactions	510 585	4 026 543	(2 108 080)	(742 616)	2 429 048
Interest rate Transactions	(12 877 921)	22 273 750	2 350 893	(2 754 971)	11 746 722
Price Transactions	(4 329 210)	2 098 200	4 329 210	(627 996)	2 098 200

#### **Annexes**

- FINANCIAL STATEMENTS & NOTES
- PERIODIC DISCLOSURE UNDER SFDR AND EU TAXONOMY REGULATIONS 2022
- AUDIT REPORT

# Financial Statements & Notes 2022

IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MODERADA

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### Balance Sheet

REGARDING THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31 DECEMBER 2022

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		ASSETS	cc0c/15/ct	000		12/21/2021		LIABILITIES	cirad	5
Code	Designation	Gross Value	Gains	Losses	Net Value	Net Value	Code	Designation	12/31/2022 1	us 12/31/2021
32	Other Assets Tangible Assets from SIM Intangible Assets from SIM						ű	OIC Capital Hadroneline for collocitic involvement unite	200 515	T T O 6 7 T T O 6 1 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
	Total Other Assets from SIM						62	Ordertakings for collective investment units Equity Variations	86,226,490	78,529,195
21	Securities Portfolio Bonds Shares	6,721,186		(1,247,358)	5,473,828	12,752,894	67 67	Acturinated Netallings Distribute income Advance Dividends from SIM Profit or I oss for the Period	(34.232.400)	14.607.503
23	Other Equity Instruments Undertakings for collective investment units	199,123,410	1,845,557	(15,684,322)	185,284,645	192,424,403	}	Total OIC Capital	202,540,051	221,854,431
26	Kignts Other Debt instruments	2,100,545			2,100,545					
	Total Securities Portfolio	207,945,141	1,845,557	(16,931,680)	192,859,018	205,177,298				
31	Other Assets Other assets						481	Accumulated Provisions Provisions		
	Other Assets Total							Total Accumulated Provisions		
411++418	Third Parties Debtors Accounts	2,053,540			2,053,540	5,338,241	421	Third Parties Redemptions Payable to Participants	163,048	319,305
	Total Receivables	2,053,540			2,053,540	5,338,241	422	Income Payable to Participants Fees Payable	248,849	249,968
	Cash and Cash Equitopasts						424++429 43+12 44	Other Creditors Accounts Loans Personal	25,745	566,293
11	Cash Deposits	8,008,540			8,008,540	12,393,339	P	orial en blues s Total Payables	437,643	1,135,566
13 14 18	Term Deposits Deposit Certificates Other Cash and Cash Equivalents						55	Accruals and Deferrals Accrued expenses	2,768	2,768
	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,008,540			8,008,540	12,393,339	588 0	Deferred Income Other Accruals and Deferrals Lishilities Cleaning Accounts		
51	Accruals and Deferrals Accrual Income	59,363			59,363	83,887	n O	Labilities Creating Accounts  Total Accruals and Deferrals Liabilities	2,768	2,768
53 59	Expenses with Deferred Cost Other Accruals and Deferrals Assets Clearing Accounts	0			0	0				
	Total Accruals and Deferrals Assets	59,363			59,363	83,887				
	TOTALASSETS	218,066,584	1,845,557	(16,931,680)	202,980,461	222,992,764		TOTAL UABIUTIES AND EQUITY	202,980,461	222,992,764
	Total Number of Outstanding Participation Units - Class A	Class A			22,649,045	21,205,817		Participation Unit Value - Class A	8.9417	10.4620
	Total Number of Outstanding Participation Units - Class R	Class R		•	4,599	200		Participation Unit Value - Class R	4.5037	5.2703

Off-Balance Sheet as of 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021

(EUR)

	ds	12/31/2021					2,004,094						16,476,691	16,4/6,691		4,960,545	4,960,545					23,441,330	6,744,784
RESPONSABILITIES TO THIRD PARTIES	Periods	12/31/2022					2,108,080						10,527,028	10,527,028								12,635,108	28,909,077
RESPONSABILITIES		Designation	Foreign Exchange Operations Spot	Term (currency forwards)	Currency swaps	Options	Futures Total	2 dei+proce O +++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	Forward contracts (FRA)	Interest Rate Swaps	Interest rate guarantee contracts	Options	Futures	lotal	Operations On Quotes	Options Futures	Total	Commitments to Third Parties	Underwriting for securities	Forward operations (assets report) Assets given in guarantee	Total	TOTAL RESPONSABILITIES	COUNTERPART ACCOUNTS
		Code	911	912	913	914	915		921	922	923	924	925		000	935			941	942 943			66
	- 1	_					<u>ი</u> ნ	1															
	sp	12/31/2021					2,514,679 2,514,679						3,598,770	3,598,770		631,335	631,335					6,744,784	23,441,330
TIES	Periods	12/31/2022 12/31/2021					4,537,127 2,514,67							3,598,770		2,098,200 631,335						28,909,077 6,744,784	12,635,108 23,441,330
	Periods	1/2022	Foreign Exchange Operations	Term (currency forwards)	Currency swaps				Interest hate Operations Forward contracts (FRA)	Interest Rate Swaps	Interest rate guarantee contracts	Options	22,273,750		Operations On Quotes		Total 2,098,200	Third Party Commitments	Forward operations (assets report)	Assets given in guarantee securities loans	Total	١	

# Income Statement

REGARDING THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31 DECEMBER 2022

Income Statement as of 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021

	s	31/12/2021			110835				116 469		747 500 41	14 33 / 040	39 671 540	)		0		54 236 489													54 236 489	14 774 291 14 607 503	
	Periods	31/12/2022			146 050	12			330 939		474 074 0	7 138 434	52 069 509			0		54 704 964									2 661	2 661		34 232 400	88 940 024	2 661 (34 012 970) (34 232 400)	
INCOME AND GAINS		Designation	Current Income and Gains	Interest and Income Equivalents	From the Securities Portfolio and Other Assets	Of Current Operations	Of Off-balance sheet Operations	Securities Income	From the Securities Portfolio and Other Assets	Of Off-balance sheet Operations	Gains in Financial Operations	From the securities Portiono and Other Assets Of Curront Operations	Of Off-halance sheet Operations	Provisions or Reversal of Provisions	Provisions	Other Current Income and Gains		Total Other Current Income and Gains (B)				Other Current Income and Gains SIM	Total Other Current Income and Gains SIM (D)	Eventual Income and Gains	Bad Debts Recovery	Extraordinally Galins Gains Attributable to Previous Years	Other Eventual Income and Gains	Total Other Eventual Income and Gains (F)		Profit or Loss for the Period (if<0)	TOTAL	Eventual Profit or Loss Profit or Loss Before Tax Income Profit or Loss for the Period	
	-	Code			812+813	811+814+827+818	819		822++824+825	878		027+033	839		851	87						68			881	883	8888			99		F - E B+F-A-E+74 B+D-A-C	
	ds	31/12/2021			121			75 663	2 029 670		40000	1 900 8/4	35 384 335		3 2 5 6	163 533			5 535	00000	39 628 987									14 607 503	54 236 489	12 522 412 4 287 205 14 607 503	
	Periods	31/12/2022			37			87 307	2 791 958		001 071 00	32 I / 2 498	53 663 259			219 430			5 5 3 5		88 940 024										88 940 024	(29 624 363) (1 593 750) (34 235 061)	
EXPENSES AND LOSSES		Designation	Current Expenses and Losses	Interest and Expenses Equivalents	Of Current Operations	Of Off-balance sheet Operations	Commissions and Fees	From the Securities Portfolio and Other Assets	Other Current Operations	UTUIT-balance sneet Uperations	Losses in Financial Operations	Other Current Operations	Of Off-halance sheet Operations	Taxes	Canital Income Taxes and Equity Increments	Indirect Taxes	Other Taxes	Provisions for the Period	Other Current Expenses and Losses		lotal Uther Current Expenses and Losses (A)	Other Current Expenses and Losses SIM	Total Other Current Expenses and Losses SIM (C)	Eventual Expenses and Losses	Bad Debts	Extraorginary Losses Losses Attributable to Previous Years	Other Eventual Expenses and Losses	Total Eventual Expenses and Losses (E)	Income tax for the Period	Profit or Loss for the Period (if>0)	TOTAL	Securities Portfolio and Other Assets Profit or Loss Off-Balance Sheet Operations Profit or Loss Current Profit or Loss	
		Code			711+718	719		722+723	724++728	67/	665.665	721+73	739		7411+7421	7412+7422	7418+7428	75.1	77			79			781	783	788		63	99		(8*1/2/3)-(7*2/3) 8*9-7*9 8-A	

## Cash Flow Statement

REGARDING THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31 DECEMBER 2022

(Eur)

CASH FLOWS	31-de	ec-22	31-de	ec-21
OPERATION ON FUNDS UNITS				
RFCFIPTS:		53,303,422		145,286,121
Subscription of participation units	53,303,422	53,303,422	145,286,121	145,280,121
	33,303,422		143,200,121	
PAYMENTS:		38,541,659		48,218,154
Redemptions of units	38,541,659		48,218,154	
Income paid to participants				
 Cash Flows of operations over Funds units		14,761,763		97,067,967
OPERATIONS WITH THE SECURITIES PORTFOLIO AND OTHER ASSETS				
RECEIPTS:		124 492 040		102 224 014
Sale of securities and other assets	6,383,526	124,483,949	15,882,084	102,234,914
Redemption of securities and other assets	0,303,320		13,002,004	
Redemptions of units in other Funds	117,625,715		86,119,901	
Securities and other assets income	326,952		115,794	
Sales of securities and other assets with repurchase agreement				
Interest and income equivalents received	147,756		117,134	
 Other receipts related to the portfolio				
PAYMENTS:		141,123,230		186,737,516
Purchase of securities and other assets	3,103,134	141,123,230	21,908,176	100,737,310
Securities subscription	-,,		,,	
Units subscription in other Funds	137,931,812		164,752,717	
Stock exchange commissions paid				
Sales of securities with repurchase agreement				
Interest and expense equivalents paid				
Brokerage commissions	85,540		69,021	
Other fees and commissions	107		6,642	
Other payments related to the portfolio	2,637		960	
Cash Flows of operations in the securities portfolio and other assets		(16,639,282)		(84,502,602)
TERM AND FOREX TRANSACTIONS				
RECEIPTS:		146,155,236		133,260,976
Interest and income equivalents received				
Foreign Exchange Operations	7,111,235		1,390,994	
Interest Rate Operations	28,952,572		6,332,020	
Operations On Quotes	12,630,797		30,118,679	
Initial margin on futures and options contracts	24,747,278		34,759,650	
Commissions on options contracts				
Other Commissions				
Other receipts from forward and foreign exchange operations	72,713,354		60,659,633	
PAYMENTS:		145,650,971		133,031,931
Interest and expense equivalents paid				
Foreign Exchange Operations	7,853,851		1,308,833	
Interest Rate Operations	31,707,543		5,871,596	
Operations On Quotes	13,258,793		28,245,736	
Initial margin on futures and options contracts	24,722,129		34,599,094	
Commissions on options contracts				
Other payments from forward and foreign exchange operations	68,108,656		63,006,673	
Cash Flows of forward and foreign exchange operations		504,265		229,044

(Eur)

CASH FLOWS	31-d	ec-22	31-de	ec-21
CURRENT MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS				
RECEIPTS:		12		0
Overdue credit collections				
Purchases with reseller agreement				
Interest on bank deposits	12		0	
Deposit certificates interest				
Borrowing				
Commissions on securities lending operations				
Other current receipts				
PAYMENTS:		3,011,558		2,060,804
Expenses with overdue credit				
Purchases with reseller agreement				
Interest on bank deposits	39		126	
Managements fees	2,757,104		1,890,452	
Deposits fees	110,554		75,618	
Supervision fees	31,575		21,154	
Taxes and fees	112,286		73,454	
Repayment of loans				
Other current payments				
Cash Flows of current management operations		(3,011,546)		(2,060,803)
EVENTUAL OPERATIONS				
RECEIPTS:		0		0
Extraordinary Gains				
Gains Attributable to Previous Years				
Bad Debts Recovery				
 Other receipts from eventual operations				
PAYMENTS:		0		0
Extraordinary Losses		Ĭ		· ·
Losses Attributable to Previous Years				
Other payments from eventual operations				
Cash Flows of eventual operations		0		0
NET CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD (A)		(4,384,799)		10,733,606
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD (B)		12,393,339		1,659,733
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD (C)=(B)+(A)		8,008,540		12,393,339



### Notes to the Financial Statements

REGARDING THE PERIOD ENDED ON 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### **INTRODUTION**

The incorporation of IMGA Alocação Moderada - Fundo de Investimento Mobiliário Aberto (OIC) was authorized by CMVM (the Portuguese Securities Market Commission) on 14 August 1995, and this Fund started its activity on this date. It is a Collective Investment Undertaking (CIU), constituted for an indefinite period, with the purpose of providing its participants with a medium/long term return with a premium on money market instruments, through balanced investment (directly or indirectly) in financial instruments with diversified characteristics in terms of asset classes, geographic areas and currencies.

The CIU is administered, managed and represented by IM Gestão de Ativos - Sociedade Gestora de Organismos de Investimento Coletivo, S.A. (Management Company). The functions of depositary bank are performed by Banco Comercial Português, S.A.

The following notes respect the sequential numbering defined in the Chart of Accounts of the Collective Investment Undertakings.

The notes whose numbering is missing are not applicable, or their presentation is not relevant for the reading of the attached Financial Statements.

#### 1. CAPITAL OF THE CIU

The CIU is an open-ended collective investment undertaking whose capital is represented by units, without par value, called shares, which confer identical rights on their holders.

For the purposes of constituting the CIU, the value of the share was four euros and ninety-nine cents.

The share value for subscription purposes is the value of the share that will be ascertained at the close of the day of the application, which is therefore made at an unknown price.

The share value for redemption purposes is the value of the share ascertained at the close of the day of the request, which is therefore made at an unknown price.

During the period ending on 31 December 2022, the movement in the capital of the CIU was the following:

(Eur)

Description	12/31/2021	Subscri	ptions	Redem	nptions	Distribute income	Others	Profit or Loss for the Period	12/31/2022
		Category A	Category R	Category A	Category R			the renou	
Base value	105 774 977	27 303 241	21 948	(20 104 464)	-	-			112 995 702
Difference for Base Value	78 529 195	25 977 681	552	(18 280 938)	-				86 226 491
Accumulated Retain Earnings	22 942 755						14 607 503		37 550 258
Profit or Loss for the Period	14 607 503						(14 607 503)	(34 232 400)	(34 232 400)
TOTAL	221 854 431	53 280 922	22 500	(38 385 402)	-	-	-	(34 232 400)	202 540 051
Nº Shares									
Category A	21 205 817	5 472 179		(4028951)					22 649 045
Category R	200		4 398		-				4 599
Net asset value per unit									
Category A	10.4620								8.9417
Category R	5.2703								4.5037

As at 31 December 2022, there were no shares with ongoing redemption requests.

The net asset value of the CIU, the value of each share and the number of outstanding shares were as follows:

			Category A			Category R		To	tal
	Date	Net asset value per unit	VLGF	Nº Shares	Net asset value per unit	VLGF	Nº Shares	VLGF	Nº Shares
	31/12/22	8.9417	202,519,340	22,649,045	4.5037	20,711	4,599	202,540,051	22,653,644
Year 2022	30/09/22	8.7633	201,057,205	22,943,326	4.4143	20,300	4,599	201,077,505	22,947,924
Year 2022	30/06/22	9.0655	205,030,852	22,616,829	4.5668	21,001	4,599	205,051,853	22,621,427
	31/03/22	9.8900	219,015,643	22,145,289	4.9825	15,192	3,049	219,030,834	22,148,338
	31/12/21	10.4620	221,853,374	21,205,817	5.2703	1,056	200	221,854,431	21,206,018
Year 2021	30/09/21	10.1837	179,359,982	17,612,630	5.1308	1,028	200	179,361,010	17,612,831
Teal 2021	30/06/21	10.1238	148,634,561	14,681,776	5.1015	1,022	200	148,635,584	14,681,977
	31/03/21	9.7919	123,649,792	12,627,884	=	-	-	123,649,791	12,627,884
	31/12/20	9.4395	110,385,007	11,693,978	=	-	-	110,385,007	11,693,978
Year 2020	30/09/20	8.9540	103,561,510	11,565,952	-	-	-	103,561,510	11,565,952
1eai 2020	30/06/20	8.7522	100,678,015	11,503,251	-	-	-	100,678,015	11,503,251
	31/03/20	7.9144	90,876,258	11,482,533	-	-	-	90,876,258	11,482,533

As at 31 December 2022, participants in the CIU may be grouped according to the following tiers:

Ranks	Nº Shar	eholders
Naliks	Category A	Category R
Nº Shares ≥ 25%	-	2
10% ≤ Nº Shares < 25%	-	-
5% ≤ Nº Shares < 10%	-	-
2% ≤ Nº Shares < 5%	-	1
0.5% ≤ Nº Shares < 2%	-	-
№ Shares < 0.5%	9,615	-
Total	9,615	3

#### 2. SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS IN THE PERIOD

The volume of transactions in 2022, by type of security, measured by the sale price of the respective trades, is as follows:

						(Eur)
Description	Purcha	ases (1)	Sale	s (2)	Total (1	L) + (2)
Description	Market	OTC	Market	OTC	Market	OTC
Governament Bonds	991 970	-	9 215 988		10 207 958	-
Share Titles	-	134 724	=	=	-	134 724
Undertakings for Collective investment Units	12 440 831	94 176 268	56 735 216	330 760 213	69 176 047	424 936 481
Non-Harmonized Fund Shares	-	157 466	-	=	-	157 466
Exchange Traded Fund	37 216 978	-	63 406 984	=	100 623 961	-
Commercial Paper	-	2 111 121	-	=	-	2 111 121
Futures	987 574	16 080 990	1 096 066	15 568 112	2 083 641	31 649 102
Other Assets	-	1 195 933	=	=	-	1 195 933
Total	51 637 353	113 856 502	130 454 254	346 328 325	182 091 607	460 184 827

The amounts of subscriptions and redemptions, as well as the respective amounts charged as subscription and redemption fees, are broken down as follows:

		(Eur)
Description	Value (Note 1)	Commissions
Subscriptions	53 303 422	-
Redemptions	38 385 402	-

#### 3. SECURITIES PORTFOLIO AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As at 31 December 2022, this item is made up as follows:

Investment Description	Acquisition value	Gains	Losses	Portfolio value	Accrued interest	(Eur) Total
1. LISTED SECURITIES	Acquisition value	Gailis	LUSSES	POLITOIIO Value	Accided interest	TOTAL
Portuguese listed Investments						
-Government Bonds						
PGB 0.475% 18/10/30	553,291	_	(97,451)	455,840	539	456,379
PGB 1.95% 15/06/29	518,801	_	(98,681)	420,120	4,784	424,904
1 00 1.55% 15/00/25	1,072,092		(196,132)	875,960	5,323	881,283
EU listed Investments	1,072,032		(130,132)	073,300	3,323	001,203
-Government Bonds						
BTPS 1.65% 01/12/30	2,038,643	_	(484,937)	1,553,706	2,577	1,556,283
GGB 2% 22/04/27	1,687,656	_	(216,079)	1,471,577	21,765	1,493,342
SPGB 1.45% 30/04/29	1,922,795	_	(350,210)	1,572,585	17,033	1,589,618
	5,649,094	_	(1,051,226)	4,597,868	41,374	4,639,242
2. OTHER SECURITIES	-,,		(=,===,===)	.,,		.,,- :-
Other debt instruments						
-Commercial paper						
Galp Energia SGPS SA 9EM 19/09/22 - 20/03/23	2,100,545	-	-	2,100,545	12,666	2,113,211
	2,100,545	-	1	2,100,545	12,666	2,113,211
3. UNDERTAKINGS FOR COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT UNITS						
PT Investment Fund						
IMGA Liquidez CAT A	380,177	-	(12,953)	367,225	-	367,225
IMGA Rendimento Mais - FIM	1,322,968	16	(134,203)	1,188,780	-	1,188,780
IMGA European Equities - CAT I	351,405	-	(31,575)	319,830	-	319,830
IMGA Iberia Equities - CAT I	250,000	-	(7,865)	242,135	-	242,135
	2,304,550	16	(186,596)	2,117,970	-	2,117,970
EU Investment Fund						
AB SICAV I - Select Absolute Alpha Portfolio (1)	4,063,384	-	(363,421)	3,699,963	-	3,699,963
Aberdeen Standard SICAV I - European Equity Fund	5,105,738	-	(430,410)	4,675,328	-	4,675,328
Aberdeen Standard SICAV I - Frontier Markets Bond	2,292,137	-	(270,899)	2,021,238	-	2,021,238
Algebris UCITS Funds plc-Algebris Financial Credit	2,329,834	-	(187,524)	2,142,310	-	2,142,310
Allianz China A Shares IT Eur	2,550,373	-	(463,156)	2,087,217	-	2,087,217
Alma Eikoh Japan Large Cap Equity	1,257,256	-	(66,926)	1,190,330	-	1,190,330
Amundi ETF MSCI Emerging Markets	3,456,277	-	(413,844)	3,042,433	-	3,042,433
Amundi Funds - Emerging Markets Bond	725,181	11,124	-	736,305	-	736,305
Amundi MSCI Europe ESG Broad ETF	3,039,466	38,788	-	3,078,254	-	3,078,254
AMUNDI MSCI EUROPE UCITS DR	2,027,100	27,504	-	2,054,604	-	2,054,604
ARTEMIS LUX US SELECT I USD CAP	1,727,492	-	(169,598)	1,557,894	-	1,557,894
Assenagon Alpha Volatility I	1,136,041	-	(5,837)	1,130,204	-	1,130,204
Avance Multiactivos F.I.	340,000	14,597	-	354,597	-	354,597
AXA World Funds US High Yield Bonds	2,421,894	-	(101,329)	2,320,565	-	2,320,565
BGF-US Dollar Core BD - I2 EURH	1,085,438	-	(162,984)	922,454	-	922,454
BGF-USD HIGH YLD BD HED-ED2	2,172,278	-	(120,370)	2,051,908	-	2,051,908
BlackRock Global Funds United Kingdom Fund	2,363,908	-	(389,403)	1,974,505	-	1,974,505
BlueBay Inv GR Euro GV-CEUR	2,188,123	-	(150,212)	2,037,911	-	2,037,911
BlueBay Investment Grade Bond Fund I EUR	7,457,977	-	(649,133)	6,808,844	-	6,808,844
BNY Mellon Emerging Markets Corporate Dbt Fund	4,861,782	-	(760,899)	4,100,883	-	4,100,883
Carmignac Portfolio- Long-Short European Equities	2,857,791	-	(114,705)	2,743,086	-	2,743,086
Digital FDS-Stars Europe EX UK I2	4,205,863	100,549	-	4,306,412	-	4,306,412
DPAM L-Bonds EUR Corporate High Yield	2,674,102	-	(37,204)	2,636,898	-	2,636,898
DWS Invest-CROCI Japan	1,268,965	-	(101,168)	1,167,797	-	1,167,797
Ei Sturdza-Strat Eu SS-B EUR	1,217,499	29,534	-	1,247,033	-	1,247,033
European Specialist Investment funds M&G European	7,421,952	-	(618,066)	6,803,886	-	6,803,886
Fidelity Fds Asia Pacific Opp I USD	619,616	42,851	(99,749)	562,718	-	562,718
Fidelity Fund-Emer M YA EUR	466,570	-	(92,907)	373,663	-	373,663
First St Asian Eq PI - III - A USD	645,173	19,181	(82,073)	582,280	-	582,280

/ -	٠.		١	

Investment 2	[ A	G.: 1	1	D+f - I:	A	(Eur
Investment Description  3. UNDERTAKINGS FOR COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT UNITS	Acquisition value	Gains	Losses	Portfolio value	Accrued interest	Total
	2 702 500	20.506		2 012 106		2 012 100
GAMCO International SICAV - Merger Arbitrage - I GS GROWTH & EMMKT DEBT - IAEH	2,783,590 739,676	29,596	(14.225)	2,813,186	-	2,813,186 725,451
Henderson Gart - UK AB RE-IEAH		-	(14,225)	725,451	-	,
	2,785,994	40.000	(37,582)	2,748,412	-	2,748,412
Intermoney Variable Euro	2,444,789	10,002	(00.050)	2,454,791	-	2,454,791
Ishares FTSE 100 ACC	1,936,462	155,242	(83,060)	2,008,645	-	2,008,645
Janus Henderson HRZN EUR HY BO-I2EUR	2,725,775		(109,137)	2,616,638	-	2,616,638
JO Hambro Capital Management Umbrella Fund PLC - C	4,107,776	208,104	-	4,315,880	-	4,315,880
JPM Japan Equity (C) ACC EUR	1,376,038	-	(249,702)	1,126,336	-	1,126,336
JPM US SM Companies C Accused	1,695,951	131,054	(177,910)	1,649,096	-	1,649,096
JPMorgan Investment Funds - US Bond Fund	1,916,751	171,465	(197,942)	1,890,274	-	1,890,274
JPMorgan Investment Funds -Global Macro Opportunit	3,059,957	-	(300,084)	2,759,873	-	2,759,873
L&G CYBER SECURITY UCITS ETF	2,300,985	43,629	(453,892)	1,890,721	-	1,890,721
Lemanik SICAV-GLOB STR-I EUR	723,000	3,985	-	726,985	-	726,985
LFP - La Francaise Sub Debt C EUR ACC	2,401,643	-	(227,620)	2,174,023	-	2,174,023
Liontrust Global Funds PLC-UK Growth Fund	1,966,178	169,201	(77,387)	2,057,993	-	2,057,993
LYXOR EPSILON GLOBAL TR-IE	1,659,761	233,837	-	1,893,599	-	1,893,599
Lyxor ETF S&P 500-A	8,008,644	-	(722,590)	7,286,054	-	7,286,054
MACQUARIE-EMG MRK-I USD ACC	443,207	27,961	(102,571)	368,597	-	368,597
MFS Meridian-European Equity Fund	4,774,921	-	(92,059)	4,682,862	-	4,682,862
Morgan Stanley Euro Corporate Bond Fund - Z (SICAV	7,392,349	-	(583,388)	6,808,962	-	6,808,962
Natixis International Funds Lux I-Loomis Sayles Sh	4,632,982	-	(472,514)	4,160,468	-	4,160,468
NN L-Euro Credit -IC	7,400,346	-	(613,479)	6,786,867	-	6,786,867
Nomura -US Hich YLD BD -I H	2,071,380	35,853	-	2,107,233	-	2,107,233
NORDEA 1 EUR HGH YLD-BI-EUR	2,687,657	-	(23,528)	2,664,129	-	2,664,129
Parvest Euro Gov Bond - I (SICAV)	2,184,990	-	(155,184)	2,029,806	-	2,029,806
Pictet- Short Term Emerging Corporate Bonds	4,453,024	-	(323,343)	4,129,681	-	4,129,681
Robeco-QI Emerg Mkt Act-I Eur	440,966	-	(19,522)	421,444	-	421,444
Schroder Intl Eur GV BD C AC	2,219,950	-	(221,793)	1,998,157	-	1,998,157
Standard Life Investments Global SICAV - European	3,040,904	_	(626,093)	2,414,811	-	2,414,811
T. Rowe Price-US SML	1,714,695	136,204	(261,530)	1,589,369	-	1,589,369
T.Rowe Price-US Aggreg. Bond (IH)	1,944,982	,	(250,117)	1,694,864	_	1,694,864
T.ROWE PRICE-US EQUITY FUND(I)	1,667,508	9,084	(91,992)	1,584,600	_	1,584,600
Threadneedle European SE-9EEUR	4,361,449	5,004	(229,130)	4,132,319	_	4,132,319
Threadneedle Lux - European Smaller Companies	2,818,898		(558,873)	2,260,025	_	2,260,025
UBAM - Global High Yield Solution	654,257	48,533	(550,675)	702,790		702,790
UBS LUX FUND SOL-BLOOMB US LIQ CO UCITS	1,708,759	40,555	(232,151)	1,476,607		1,476,607
Vanguard S&P 500 UCITS ETF	7,945,403		(673,415)	7,271,988		7,271,988
Veritas Asian Fund C EUR ACC	668,570	_	(126,943)	541,627	_	541,627
Wellington-US Research Eq-A	1,733,791	_	(174,740)	1,559,051	_	1,559,051
WILLIAM BLAIR-US SM-JC USD	1,848,150	127,406	(326,108)	1,649,449	_	1,649,449
WT Natural Gas	1,260,199	-	(371,548)	888,651	_	888,651
	186,681,513	1,825,286	(15,032,965)	173,473,834	-	173,473,834
Non EU Investment Fund		_,,	(==,===,500)			,,
BARING UMBR. EM MKT SOV DEBT C EUR	719,477	12,668	-	732,145	-	732,145
Acadian European Equity-UCITS	5,014,064	-	(243,689)	4,770,375	-	4,770,375
L&G Enhanced COMM UCITS ETF	2,276,458	-	(221,072)	2,055,386	-	2,055,386
iShares Edge MSCI Europe Value Factor UCITS ETF	2,127,347	7,587	-	2,134,935	-	2,134,935
	10,137,347	20,255	(464,761)	9,692,841	-	9,692,841
TOTAL	207,945,141	1,845,557	(16,931,680)	192,859,018	59,363	192,918,382

#### 4. PRESENTATION BASIS AND MAIN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Statements were prepared on the basis of the accounting records of the CIU, kept in accordance with the Chart of Accounts for Collective Investment Undertakings, established by the Portuguese Securities Market Commission (CMVM), and complementary regulations issued by this entity, within the scope of its powers assigned by Law no. 16/2015, of 24 February, which approves the new Legal Framework for Collective Investment Undertakings, republished through Decree-Law 144/2019, of 23 September.

The most significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the Financial Statements were the following:

#### Accrual basis

The CIU records its income and expenditure on an accrual basis, recognizing them as and when they are generated, regardless of when they are received or paid.

Interest on investments is recorded on a gross basis under the item "Interest and similar income".

#### Securities Portfolio and valuation of Shares

- a) The share value is calculated daily on business days and is determined by dividing the net asset value of the CIU by the number of outstanding shares. The net asset value of the CIU is calculated by deducting from the sum of the amounts which make up the portfolio the amount of fees and charges up to the moment of portfolio valuation.
- b) The value of the shares will be calculated at 5 PM Lisbon time, this being the reference time for the calculation.
- c) Assets denominated in foreign currency will be valued daily using the exchange rate published by Banco de Portugal and the European Central Bank, with the exception of those assets whose currencies are not listed. In this case, exchange rates published at midday Lisbon time by specialized entities, which are not in a control or group relationship with the Management Company in accordance with Articles 20 and 21 of the Portuguese Securities Code, will be used.
- d) Transactions on securities and derivatives traded for the CIU and confirmed up to the reference time shall count for share valuation purposes on the day of the transaction. Subscriptions and redemptions received on each day (in relation to orders of the previous business day) count for share valuation purposes on that same day.
- e) The value of the shares will be calculated based on the last value disclosed and/or known at the time of reference.
- f) The value of shares admitted to trading on the market will be evaluated on the basis of the last available market price at the time of reference. If it does not exist or is not representative, the last value known and/or disclosed by the respective management company will be used, or, if it is impossible to obtain, the provisions of paragraph j) will apply.
- g) The valuation of securities and derivative instruments accepted for listing or trading on regulated markets shall be based on the last known price at the reference time; in the absence of price quotation on the day on which the valuation is being made or if such quotation cannot be used, namely because it is considered to be unrepresentative, the last known closing price shall be taken into account, provided such price was published within the 15 days preceding the day on which the valuation is being made.
- h) In the case of debt securities accepted for trading on a regulated market, if the prices charged on the market are not considered representative, may be considered for valuation purposes:
  - a. firm purchase offers or, if these cannot be obtained, the average value of the purchase and sale offers, based on information disclosed by specialized entities, which are not in a control or group relationship with the Management Company, as per Articles 20 and 21 of the Portuguese Securities Code.
- i) When the last price quotation is older than 15 days, securities and derivative instruments are considered unlisted for valuation purposes, and the following paragraph applies.
- j) The valuation of securities and derivative instruments not accepted for listing or trading on regulated markets will be based on the following criteria:
  - a. firm purchase offers or, if these cannot be obtained, the average value of the purchase and sale offers, based on information disclosed by specialized entities, which are not in a control or group relationship with the Management Company, as per Articles 20 and 21 of the Portuguese Securities Code;
  - b. theoretical valuation models, which the Management Company deems more appropriate in view of the characteristics of the asset or derivative instrument; the valuation may be performed by a subcontracted entity.
- k) Amounts representing short-term debt shall be valued based on the daily recognition of interest inherent to the operation.
- I) The FIFO criteria is used to determine the cost of securities sold.

#### **Taxation**

The tax regime applicable to collective investment undertakings (established by Decree-Law No. 7/2015, of January 13) is based on a method of taxation of "exit" income, that is, taxation is essentially in the sphere of the participants.

Even so, the CIU is subject to the general corporate income tax rate on its net income calculated in each year, expunged, however, of the income (and respective associated expenses) from capital, property and capital gains, as qualified for Personal Income Tax (provided that such income does not come from entities resident or domiciled in a country, territory or region subject to a clearly more favorable tax regime included in the list approved by ordinance of the member of the Government responsible for the area of finance, in which case they will be taxed). Income, including discounts, and expenses related to management fees and other fees payable to securities investment funds, as well as non-deductible expenses provided for in article 23rd – A of the IRC – Corporate Income Tax Code, will likewise be considered irrelevant for purposes of determining taxable income.

Regarding Stamp Duty, Funds are subject to this tax on their net asset value at a rate of 0.0125%, per quarter.

Since 1 January 2019, management and deposit fees borne by the Fund and subscription and reimbursement fees borne by participants have been subject to stamp duty at a rate of 4%.

#### 5. COMPONENTS OF THE FUND'S INCOME

The components of the Fund's income (Revenues) are as follows:

(Eur)

		Capital Gains		Interest Gains			
Nature	Unrealized capital gains	Capital gains realized	Total	Overdue interest and commissions	Accrued interest	Securities income	Total
SPOT OPERATIONS							
Shares	-	-	-	-	-	3 987	3 987
Obligations	-	4 390	4 390	97 262	46 698	-	143 959
Collective Investment Units	693 060	1 461 004	2 154 064	-	-	326 952	326 952
Debt instruments	-	-	-	(10 575)	12 666	-	2 090
Deposit	-	-	-	12	-	-	12
TERM OPERATIONS							
Spots	-	3 374 905	3 374 905	-	-		-
Currency Futures	-	7 111 235	7 111 235	-	-		
Futures	-	28 952 572	28 952 572	-	-		-
Quotes							
Futures	-	12 630 797	12 630 797	-	-		-
TOTAL	693 060	53 534 903	54 227 963	86 699	59 363	330 939	477 001

The components of the Fund's income (Expenses) are as follows:

(Eur)

	Capital Losses			Interest and Commissions Supported			
Nature	Unrealized capital gains	Capital gains realized	Total	Overdue interest and commissions	Accrued interest	Total	
SPOT OPERATIONS							
Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Obligations	1 186 431	742 908	1 929 338	-	-	-	
Collective Investment Units	18 329 535	11 913 626	30 243 160	-	-	-	
Deposit	-	-	-	37	-	37	
TERM OPERATIONS							
Exchange							
Spots	-	843 073	843 073	-	-	-	
Currency Futures	-	7 853 851	7 853 851	-	-		
Interest Rate							
Futures	-	31 707 543	31 707 543	-	-	-	
Quotes							
Futures	-	13 258 793	13 258 793	-	-	-	
COMMISSIONS							
Management	-	-	-	2 415 821	234 589	2 650 410	
Deposit	-	-	-	96 906	9 107	106 013	
Supervision	-	-	-	25 514	4 941	30 455	
Portfolio	-	-	-	87 307	-	87 307	
Other	-	-	-	5 079	-	5 079	
TOTAL	19 515 965	66 319 793	85 835 758	2 630 664	248 638	2 879 301	

#### 9. BREAKDOWN OF TAXES ON CAPITAL GAINS AND WITHHOLDING TAXES

As at 31 December 2022, taxes on capital gains and withholding taxes can be broken down as follows:

(	E	u	r	)

Description	12/31/2022	12/31/2021
Indirect taxes		
Stamp duty	219 430	163 533
	219 430	163 533
Taxes paid abroad		
Dividends	-	3 256
	-	3 256
TOTAL	219 430	166 789

#### 11. EXPOSURE TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

As at 31 December 2022, the foreign exchange positions held by the CIU can be summarized as follows:

- 1	ľ	
- 1	ı	u

Currency	Spot	Term			Term				
Currency	3μοι	Forward	Futures	Swaps	Options	Total Term	Global Position		
CHF	695		-		-	-	695		
DKK	607	-	-	-	-	-	607		
GBP	5 412 016	-	-	-	-	-	5 412 016		
JPY	258 933 618	-	(296 522 500)	-	-	(296 522 500)	(37 588 882)		
SEK	489	-	-	-	-	-	489		
USD	22 522 975	-	4 839 300	-	-	4 839 300	27 362 275		
Total in Euro	29 060 252	-	2 429 048	-	-	2 429 048	31 489 300		

#### 12. EXPOSURE TO INTEREST RATE RISK

As at 31 December 2022, the fixed interest rate assets held by the CIU can be summarized as follows:

(Eur)

Maturity	Dortfolio voluo (A)		Off-balance sheet (B)					
Maturity	Portfolio value (A)	FRA	Swaps (IRS)	Futures	Options	(A)+(B)		
from 0 to 1 year	-	-	-	11 746 722	-	11 746 722		
from 1 to 3 years	-	-	-	-	-	-		
from 3 to 5 years	1 493 342	-	-	-	-	1 493 342		
from 5 to 7 years	2,014,522	-	-	-	-	2 014 522		
more then 7 years	2,012,662	-	-	-	-	2 012 662		

#### 13. EXPOSURE TO PRICE RISK

As at 31 December 2022, price risk exposure can be summarized as follows:

(Eur)

Shares and similar securities	Portolio value	Off-balance sheet		Total	
Strates and similar securities	Portollo value	Futures	Options	TOLAI	
Shares	-	2 098 200	-	2 098 200	
UP's	185,284,645	-	-	185,284,645	

#### **15. ASCRIBED COSTS**

The costs ascribed to the CIU during the period ending on 31 December 2022 have the following composition:

(Eur)

Expenses	Categ	ory A	Category R		
Expenses	Value	%NAV (1)	Value	%NAV (1)	
Management fee	2,756,177	1.30%	249	1.30%	
Deposit fee	110,243	0.05%	10	0.05%	
Supervision tax	30,453	0.01%	3	0.01%	
Audit expenses	5,535	0.00%	0	0.00%	
Other funds expenses	1,310,766	0.62%	118	0.62%	
Other expenses	108,361	0.05%	10	0.05%	
TOTAL	4,321,535		390		
TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO	2.04%		2.0	4%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Average for the period

# Periodic Disclosure Under SFDR and EU Taxonomy Regulations 2022

IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MODERADA



### Periodic disclosure under the SFDR and Taxonomy Regulation

Product Name: IMGA Alocação Moderada

Legal entity identifier (LEI): 549300QH4KANZYRFKA67

Fund code (CMVM): 250

### Environmental and/or social characteristics

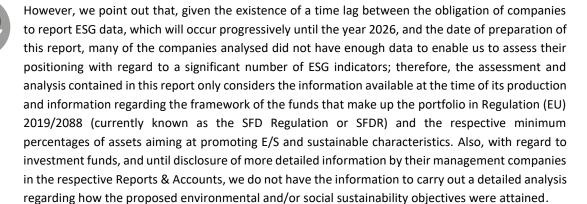
Sustainable
investment means
an investment in an
economic activity
that contributes to
an environmental or
social objective,
provided that the
investment does not
significantly harm
any environmental or
social objective and
that the investee
companies follow good
governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?					
Yes	• x No				
It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:%  in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a minimum proportion of 1% of sustainable investments.  with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy  with a social objective				
It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments				

### To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

IMGA, in managing the Fund, considers financial and sustainability criteria in order to integrate environmental, social and good governance criteria into its investments. For this purpose, it uses ESG ratings and analyses from independent external providers.



The average ESG rating notation for the composition of this Fund's direct asset portfolio at the end of 2022 corresponds to a **Medium Risk** level. This portfolio comprises government bonds, money



market instruments and deposits with financial institutions classified as liquidity, and corresponds to around 9% of the Fund's assets, most of which are considered **Medium Risk**. There is also an off-balance sheet exposure to interest rate, foreign exchange and stock indices derivatives, to manage exposure to these markets, which have no objective in terms of ESG.

With regard to the investment funds portfolio (91% of the Fund's assets), most funds, corresponding to 62% of the asset portfolio, fall under article 8 of the SFDR, with the objective of promoting environmental or social characteristics.

#### How did the sustainability indicators perform?

Regarding the direct portfolio of assets (other assets than investment funds), corresponding to 9% of the assets in the portfolio, we do not have information for a significant percentage of them. Therefore, we consider that there is not enough information to present the sustainability indicators related to this component.

As to the investment funds portfolio, its breakdown in ESG terms at the end of 2022 was as follows:

#### Coverage Promotion E/S Characteristics Sustainable SEDR Classification Nº Funds % Funds Portfolio Portfolio Nº Funds % Assets Average (1) Average (1) Covered Covered Contribution Contribution artº 6º 24 29.2% 29.2% artº 8º 53 33 61,7% 40.3% 58,1% 26,1% 26,4% 5,2% artº 9º 0 0 0,0% 0,0% 0,0% 0,0% 0,0% 0,0% n.d. 1 0.4% 0.0% 78 33 91,4% TOTAL 69,5% 58,1% 26,1% 26.4% 5.2%

(1) Average of the funds covered

In summary, the asset portfolio is made up of approximately 91% of investment funds, 62% of which were constituted under article 8 of the SFDR, that is, with the objective of promoting E/S characteristics through minimum investment, on average, of around 58% of their asset portfolios in entities considered aligned with E/S characteristics and around 26% of their assets in sustainable entities. For the Fund, these investments contributed, respectively, 26% to the percentage of assets considered aligned with E/S characteristics and 5% to those considered sustainable, which, added to the respective percentages of the direct assets, total 33% of the assets that make up the Fund's portfolio aligned with E/S characteristics and 6% sustainable.

Investment funds constituted under article 6 of the same Regulation, that is, without the objective of promoting E/S characteristics and without the objective of investing only in assets considered sustainable from an environmental and/or social point of view, represent around 29% of the asset portfolio. In the case of an article 6 fund, its contribution to both the "Promotion of E/S Characteristics" and "Sustainable" components is null.

### ... and compared to previous periods?

This being the first analysis, any comparison with previous periods is impossible.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?
Please refer to the answer to the previous point regarding the question about the performance of sustainability indicators.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.



### How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The only issuers that are considered sustainable are those with favourable ESG ratings and which, according to the analysis methodology of external ESG research providers, incorporate both environmental and social sustainability objectives, and have not significantly harmed any sustainable investment objective. In addition, investments considered sustainable comply with global sustainability guidelines and principles, namely in terms of human rights, labour practices, environmental protection and the fight against corruption. Furthermore, the Fund invests mainly in other funds that are also covered by the ESG regulations imposed on this Fund, so that their sustainable investments cannot significantly harm any sustainable investment objective in environmental or social terms.

#### How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

With regard to direct assets, included in the analysis of the sustainability indicators, from which the ESG rating results, are several indicators of negative impacts, relative to each sector in which the issuer companies operate and to factors intrinsic to the issuer itself. The rating attribution model, in its quantitative component, considers several indicators of negative impacts to identify the most relevant ESG criteria for each industry, such as greenhouse gas emissions categories 1, 2 and 3, water consumption, etc. The materiality of these indicators in each sector of activity is determined based on research, including information obtained through the SASB (Sustainability Accounting Standards Board) and the PRI (United Nations – Principles for Responsible Investment). Regarding the investment funds component, it is up to each management company to develop and implement its sustainable investment model, and to consider or disregard these indicators in such a model.

### Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

For direct assets and in accordance with IM Gestão de Ativos' methodology for the evaluation and categorization of investments as sustainable, only investments in issuers that are not in breach of any of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights are eligible. For investment funds, the development of the analysis model is the responsibility of each management company, which may or may not take into account the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights when classifying as sustainable the entities in which they invest.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti- corruption and anti- bribery matters.





#### How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

For the analysis of direct assets, he Fund considers the main negative impacts on sustainability factors, integrating various environmental and social indicators into the rating methodology, as detailed in the question relating to the performance of sustainability indicators. Regarding the investment funds component, it is up to each management company to develop and implement its sustainable investment model, and to consider or disregard these indicators in such a model.



### What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the
investments constituting
the greatest proportion
of investments of the
financial product during
the reference period
which is: 31/12/2022

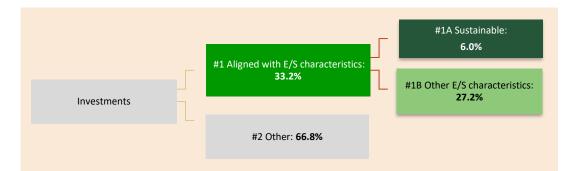
Largest Investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Lyxor ETF S&P 500	Participation Units	3,59%	Luxembourg
Vanguard S&P 500 UCITS ETF	Participation Units	3,59%	Ireland
Morgan Stanley Euro Corporate Bond Fund	Participation Units	3,36%	Luxembourg
BlueBay Investment Grade Bond Fund	Participation Units	3,36%	Luxembourg
European Specialist Investment Funds M&G European	Participation Units	3,36%	Luxembourg
NN L-Euro Credit	Participation Units	3,35%	Luxembourg
EUR - Banco Comercial Português	Liquidity	2,46%	Portugal
Acadian European Equity	Participation Units	2,35%	Ireland
MFS Meridian-European Equity Fund	Participation Units	2,31%	Luxembourg
Aberdeen Standard SICAV I - European Equity Fund	Participation Units	2,31%	Luxembourg
JO Hambro Capital Management Umbrella Fund	Participation Units	2,13%	Ireland
Digital FDS-Stars Europe EX UK	Participation Units	2,12%	Luxembourg
Natixis International Funds Lux I-Loomis Sayles Sh	Participation Units	2,05%	Luxembourg
Threadneedle European	Participation Units	2,04%	Luxembourg
Pictet- Short-Term Emerging Corporate Bonds	Participation Units	2,04%	Luxembourg



### What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

#### What was the asset allocation?

**Asset allocation** describes the share of investments in specific assets.



**#1** Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

**#2 Other** includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

### Category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- Sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- Sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics A/S** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

Values in percentage of the Fund's assets



In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	Sub-sector	% Assets
Participation Units	Participation Units	91,40%
Government	Sovereign	2,72%
Energy	Oil&Gas	1,04%
Liquidity	Demand Deposit	4,84%



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

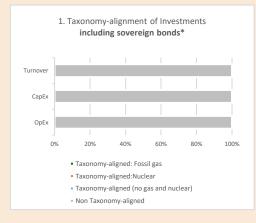
Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU taxonomy¹?

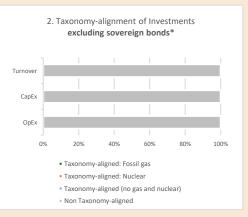


Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- -turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies. -capital expenditure
- (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

When applicable, the two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





\* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

To analyse the percentage of the Fund that is aligned with the EU Taxonomy according to the metrics mentioned in the above graph, we need that same information from the companies that manage the funds that make up the asset portfolio. This information is currently unavailable, so we do not consider that there are investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy. Direct portfolio assets are not considered as EU Taxonomy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left-hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

#### **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the

best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

### What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

Given the lack of information provided by the corporates and managing companies in which the Fund invested, due to the time lag between the obligation for companies to report and the date of preparation of this report, we do not have enough data to enable us to conclude what percentage of investments are aligned with the taxonomy of the EU and what percentage is invested in transitional and enabling activities.

### How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

As stated in the previous question, there are no data that enable us to make this comparison.



### What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

As mentioned in the previous questions, there are no data disclosed by the entities in which the Fund invested that enable us to ascertain the percentage of investments aligned or not with the Taxonomy.



#### What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

As mentioned in the previous questions, there are no data disclosed by the entities in which the Fund invested that enable us to ascertain the percentage of socially sustainable investments.



### What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Investments in the "Other" category include deposits and debt securities that do not qualify as aligned with E/S characteristics or without data to permit their evaluation in ESG terms and the share of investment funds that exceed the minimum values defined by those same terms, as well as investment funds set up under article 6 of the SFD Regulation or for which no information is available.

These investments are intended to diversify the asset portfolio and manage its liquidity.

Not included in this percentage, as they are off-balance sheet items, are interest rate, foreign exchange and stock indices derivatives, used to manage duration, and exposure to foreign currency and to the stock market.



### What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

Throughout last year, the Fund has sought to increase its level of investment in funds that comply with the sustainability objective intended for this Fund, namely through increased investment in funds constituted under Article 8 of the SFD Regulation, as well as funds that take into account the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights and do not have significant investments in sectors considered controversial, namely in companies that have the majority of their revenues dependent on specific businesses, namely Gambling, Personal Weapons and Tobacco.



With regard to the direct assets portfolio, the Fund has sought to increase its level of investment in companies owned by issuers with favourable ESG ratings, in order to improve the portfolio's Global ESG rating level. Special attention was also paid to any controversies to which issuers might be exposed and to compliance with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. No investments were made in sectors considered controversial, namely in companies that have most of their revenues dependent on specific businesses, such as Gambling, Personal Weapons and Tobacco.

# **Audit Report 2022**

IMGA ALOCAÇÃO MODERADA



### Auditor's report

(Free translation from a report originally issued in Portuguese language. In case of doubt the Portuguese version will always prevail)

### Report on the audit of the financial statements

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of IMGA Alocação Moderada – Fundo de Investimento Mobiliário Aberto (the "Fund") managed by IM Gestão de Ativos – Sociedade Gestora de Organismos de Investimento Coletivo, S.A. ("Management Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022 (showing a total of 202 980 461 euros and a total net equity of 202 540 051 euros, including a net loss of 34 232 400 euros), the income statement by nature, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial position of IMGA Alocação Moderada – Fundo de Investimento Mobiliário Aberto (the "Fund") managed by IM Gestão de Ativos – Sociedade Gestora de Organismos de Investimento Coletivo, S.A. as at December 31, 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Portugal for investment funds.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and further technical and ethical standards and guidelines as issued by "Ordem dos Revisores Oficiais de Contas" (the Portuguese Institute of Statutory Auditors). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section below. We are independent from the Fund in accordance with the law and we have fulfilled other ethical requirements in accordance with the "Ordem dos Revisores Oficiais de Contas" code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Other Information**

The board of directors of Management Company is responsible for the Other information. The other information comprises the periodic disclosure model for financial products referred to in Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852, but does not include the financial statements and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover other information and we do not express any type of guarantee of reliability on that other information.

Within the scope of the audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, consequently, consider whether that other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, with the knowledge we obtained during the audit or if it appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that there is a material

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misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of the board of directors and the supervisory body of the Management Company for the financial statements

The board of directors of Management Company is responsible for:

- the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view of the Fund financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Portugal for investment funds;
- the preparation of the management report in accordance with applicable laws and regulations;
- designing and maintaining an appropriate internal control system to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;
- the adoption of accounting policies and principles appropriate in the circumstances; and
- assessing the Fund ability to continue as a going concern, and disclosing, as applicable, the matters that may cast significant doubt about the Fund ability to continue as a going concern.

The supervisory body of the Management Company is responsible for overseeing the Fund financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken based on these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
  risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Management Company internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by board of directors of the Management Company;

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- conclude on the appropriateness of board of directors of the Management Company use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Management Company to cease the Fund to continue as a going concern;
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including
  the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
  and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
- communicate with those charged with governance, including the supervisory body of the Management Company, regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibility also includes the verification that the information contained in the management report is consistent with the financial statements and the verification of the requirements as provided in no. 8 of article 161 of the Portuguese legislation for investment funds («RJOIC»).

### Report on other legal regulatory requirements

### On the management report

Is our opinion that the management report was prepared in accordance with the applicable legal and regulatory requirements and the information contained therein is consistent with the audited financial statements and, having regard to our knowledge and assessment over the Fund, we have not identified any material misstatements.

## On the matters provided in article 161, no. 8, of the Portuguese legislation for Investment Funds («RGOIC»)

Pursuant to article 161, no. 8, of the RGOIC, approved by Law no. 16/2015, of 24 February the Statutory Auditor must pronounce on:

- The compliance of the investment and earnings distribution policies defined in the Fund's rules:
- The assessment carried out by the Management Company responsible for managing the assets and liabilities of the Fund, in particular with regard to financial instruments traded outside the regulated market and multilateral trading system and to financial assets;
- Control of operations with the entities referred to in no. 1 of article 147 of the RGOIC;
- Compliance with the valuation criteria defined in the fund's rules and compliance with the duty established in paragraph 7 of article 161 of the RGOIC;
- Control of operations carried outside the regulated market and multilateral trading facility;
- Control of subscription and redemption movements of participation units;

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• Compliance with registration duties relating to non-financial assets, when applicable.

On the matters indicated, we did not identify material situations to report.

Lisbon, April 27, 2023

Mazars & Associados, Sociedade de Revisores Oficiais de Contas, S.A.

Represented by Pedro Miguel Pires de Jesus (Revisor Oficial de Contas nº 1930, registered at CMVM under nº 20190019)

This report is a translation of a report originally issued in Portuguese. Therefore, according to Portuguese Institute of Statutory Auditors instructions, the report is not to be sign