

# **IMGA Euro Taxa Variável**

Open-ended Investment Fund

i gestão de ativos sgoic





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# Management Report

# **Introductory Note**

The Fund was established on 23 May 2011, when it incorporated the entire assets of Millennium Obrigações - Fundo de Investimento Aberto de Obrigações de Taxa Variável, Millennium Obrigações Mundiais – Fundo de Investimento Aberto de Obrigações de Taxa Variável and Millennium Disponível – Fundo de Investimento Aberto de Tesouraria, three funds that, on the same date, were merged to create this new fund, which resulted in their extinction.

On 16 November 2015, it was renamed IMGA Euro Taxa Variável, in line with the name change of all the funds managed by IMGA following the acquisition of Millennium Gestão de Ativos from Millennium Bcp.

As of 28 November 2019, Category I of Shares in this Fund became available for sale but has not yet been constituted.

As of 1 April 2021, Category R of Shares of this Fund became available for sale, which was constituted on 3 May 2021.

## **Overview of Market Evolution**

After the fastest and sharpest rise in the key rates of central banks of developed economies since the beginning of the 1980s, economic expectations at the start of the year for 2023 were globally unfavourable. These were based on the historically depressed levels of the main confidence indicators, as well as on the signals of several metrics capable of indicating the future trajectory of the economic cycle.

In fact, the contrast between these projections of a drop in global economic activity in 2023 and the economic performance recorded over the 1st half of the year was extreme, which was based on several explanatory factors.

After reaching peaks since mid-2014 in the summer of 2022, raw material prices have fallen significantly since the 3rd quarter of 2022. This movement was led by the correction of the energy basket, with the respective prices remaining surprisingly pressured throughout of the 1st half of 2023. More specifically, the drop of more than 50% in the price of natural gas in the Euro Area between August and the beginning of December 2022 and the subsequent devaluation of almost 80% until June 2023 led this raw material to its lowest price since June 2021, that is, below the pre-Ukrainian war level. The correction minimized the economic impact on the most energy-intensive sectors and contributed to the decline in inflation in the period under review.

Secondly, after two and a half years of restrictive pandemic policies and mainly after the re-election and strengthening of Xi Jinping's influence in the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party, there was a radical change in the Chinese executive's stance. The removal of pandemic restrictions happened much faster than expected, which guaranteed a very significant economic recovery in the first months of 2023.

Thirdly, a set of factors associated with the postpandemic legacy continued to support economic activity levels. From an expenditure perspective, the use of excess savings accumulated during the pandemic period, together with the suppression of savings rates, guaranteed continuity consumption patterns, even in the face of significant drops in real disposable income levels. On the other hand, increases in corporate profit margins, as a result of high levels of demand and scarcity of supply, simultaneously made it possible to maintain employment levels at historic highs and support investment.

Finally, from the point of view of supply, after historically low inventory levels were reached at the end of 2022, the normalization of the functioning of supply chains contributed to the recovery of economic activity in some sectors, with emphasis on industry and in particular the automotive sector.

The described framework allowed for a progressive recovery of confidence indices and only a stagnation of European activity in the 1st quarter (after -0.1% in the 4th quarter of 2022), "benefiting" from the positive contribution of net exports (fall in imports higher than that of exports) and by the expansion of investment. Conversely, private consumption again contributed negatively to economic activity in the first quarter of the year. Despite the weakness of most confidence/activity indicators between April and June and the vulnerability of the German economy, GDP in the Euro Area grew by 0.3% in the 2nd quarter of 2023.

The level of economic activity in the USA also exceeded expectations, with an annualized growth of 2%, which had a decisive contribution from private consumption (+4.2%), as well as from net exports, which more than compensated the negative contributions of the inventory and residential investment components. The quarter-

on-quarter expansion in the 2nd quarter of the year was 2.3%.

Among the main economic blocs, the biggest highlight was China, which, as a result of the faster abandonment of its zero-Covid policy, saw a quarter-on-quarter growth of 2.2% in the 1st quarter of the year. Despite the more favourable performance in this period, the trajectory of most confidence and activity indicators was moderate, which, combined with the reluctance to announce more significant and comprehensive stimuli, meant a realignment of expectations to an increase below the historical average in the 2nd quarter of 2023.

The framework just described justified practically widespread upward revisions of economic growth estimates and contributed to the valuation profile of risk assets. However, financial markets were not conditioned solely by economic dynamics.

The period under review was also marked by the crisis in the banking sector and the bankruptcy of three regional banks in the USA, a situation with shock waves in Europe, whose crisis of confidence led to the resolution of Credit Suisse. Although the proportionate and rapid response of regulators, and in particular the US Federal Reserve, has minimized the escalation of the crisis, its full implications are still unknown and add to the impact of interest rate rises and the deterioration of the conditions for granting credit already in progress before these events. The first half of 2023 was also marked by the deterioration of the geopolitical climate, particularly between the USA and China.

After capturing investors' attention in 2022, inflation remained somewhat under pressure on a global scale in the first months of 2023, having since begun a downward trajectory, as a result of the normalization of the functioning of supply chains and the fall in the price of raw materials. However, the resilient economic dynamics and the solidity of the labor market meant increases and risks of greater persistence of inflation in the

services sector and, more generally, of underlying inflation.

Despite the adoption of a less aggressive stance by the main central banks, through smaller increases in their respective policy rates, the bias continued to be towards the greater restrictiveness of monetary policies in the last forty years.

The rhetoric of the main central banks evolved, throughout the first half of 2023, in line with the evidence of greater solidity in economic dynamics and mainly with the tendentially more persistent nature of inflation. Therefore, expectations of key rate increases by the US Federal Reserve, the ECB and the Bank of England, among others, underwent somewhat significant increases in the 1st quarter.

Although the crisis of confidence in the US banking sector radically altered the expectations with regard to the main central banks' actions, they have resumed their upward trajectory since then, approaching their original level as the risks of recession in the short term and of financial instability receded.

Despite the perspectives of more restrictive economic policies, the performance of the main asset classes was largely contrasting with that of 2022.

Sovereign interest rates recorded a differentiated evolution along the yield curve, with increases in real rates of shorter maturities, as a result of the continuation of the cycle of rising short-term reference rates, but falls in sovereign interest rates of longer maturities, due to the slackening of medium/long-term inflationary expectations in the case of the USA and of real rates in the case of Europe. The US and German nominal rates with a 10 year maturity evolved over the first half of 2023 at the highest levels since 2010 and 2011, respectively. The performance of the European periphery was globally positive, with narrowing of spreads vis-à-vis Germany, with emphasis on the drop of practically 100bp in the Greek rate differential, following the success of the implemented economic policies and the prospects of a rating upgrade to investment grade. Italy and Portugal were also highlighted on the positive side, with contractions of 64 and 46bp.

Despite expectations of deterioration in corporate fundamentals, including the impacts of the decline of demand and the rise in interest rates on the default profile, in this front we also witnessed greater than expected resilience, justified by the still high levels of demand and by the ability to pass on increased costs to the final consumer and even achieve an increase in operating margins. As such, despite the somewhat volatile evolution over the period under review, credit spreads registered sweeping contractions, both in the US and in Europe, and more expressive in segments of lower credit quality. The exception was the subordinated financial debt segment, as a result of the higher risk premium demanded following the sector's confidence crisis.

Still within the scope of fixed income, the propensity for risky assets, the stabilization of the dollar, lower interest rates and the more constructive economic prospects for China contributed positively to the performance of emerging market debt, both corporate and sovereign, with the local currency debt subsegment at the forefront in the 1st half of 2023.

The described environment proved favourable for equity markets. The stronger than expected corporate results, the upward revisions of projections for future corporate results and mainly the expansion of multiples, reflecting the environment of economic optimism and more positive investor sentiment, fostered the best performance in the class. The high expectations surrounding investment in "artificial intelligence" contributed to the strong valuations of the securities most exposed to this theme, as well as more generally to the appetite for risk. On the other hand, the reopening of the Japanese economy, greater optimism for the growth of corporate results in this geography and mainly the devaluation of the Japanese currency contributed

to the strong appreciation of Japanese indices in the 1st half of the year.

In foreign exchange markets, the European single currency maintained its upward trajectory, after reaching multi-year lows in August 2022, reflecting greater economic optimism and the more proactive stance of the European Central Bank in response to excessive levels of inflation in the region. In individual terms, emphasis should be given to the appreciation against the US dollar (1.9%), the Nordic currencies (Norwegian and Swedish kroner), the yuan and the yen, and to the losses against the British pound and the Swiss franc. In aggregate terms, the dollar showed high volatility and ended the semester devaluing marginally, with emphasis on gains against the yen and against the yuan. The basket representing emerging market currencies depreciated 1.6% against the dollar in the 1st half of 2023.

The class of raw materials was negatively highlighted in the first six months of the year. Despite the climate of geopolitical tension, with the war in Ukraine at its peak, the index representing the class devalued around 10%. Notwithstanding macroeconomic resilience on a global scale and the reopening of the Chinese economy, the biggest losers were the subcomponents relating to energy goods (-22%) and industrial metals (-14.5%), with precious metals standing out on the positive side (+0.5%).

## **Main Events**

#### **CREATION OF CATEGORY R OF SHARES**

On 4 January 2023 Category R of shares of the IMGA Iberia Equities ESG and IMGA Alocação Defensiva funds was created.

# CREATION OF CATEGORY I OF THE IMGA LIQUIDEZ FUND

On 28 de February 2023 Category I of the IMGA Liquidez fund was created.

# UPDATES TO THE CONSTITUTIVE DOCUMENTS OF THE FUNDS MANAGED BY THE COMPANY

On 17 February 2023, the first annual update of the Prospectuses of the entire IMGA fund offer was completed.

On 9 March, the Prospectuses of the Investment Funds were amended, with the inclusion of an annex with information related to sustainability, within the scope of transparency of sustainable investments in the disclosure of pre-contractual information, as provided for in the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/363.

On 15 May, the second mandatory annual update of the constitutive documents of the funds was completed, with the Total Expense Ratio (TER) updated with reference to the year 2022.

# PUBLICATION OF THE REPORTS AND ACCOUNTS OF THE FUNDS MANAGED BY THE COMPANY

On 28 April, the Reports and Accounts of the funds managed by IMGA were published on the CMVM website.

#### **NEW FUNDS:**

### **IMGA PME Flex**

On 2 January 2023, the IMGA PME Flex fund initiated its activity, with the creation of its Category I.

### IMGA Financial Bonds 3Y, 2,25%, Série I

The marketing of the IMGA Financial Bonds 3Y, 2,25%, Série I fund began on 2 January 2023, and this fund started its activity on 1 February, with the creation of its Category A.

### **IMGA Financial Bonds 3,5 Y**

The marketing of the IMGA Financial Bonds 3,5Y fund began on 20 March 2023, and this fund started its activity on 1 June, with the creation of its Category A.

#### IMGA Obrigações Globais Euro 2024 – 1ª Série

On 29 June 2023, the creation of the IMGA Obrigações Globais Euro 2024 – 1ª Série was authorised.

### **INFORMATION REGARDING SUSTAINABILITY**

In the first quarter of 2023, updates were published on the Management Company's website regarding the Sustainability Policy adopted and the document "Information Regarding Sustainability", with the inclusion of an item on due diligence and a summary of the engagement policy.

On 30 June, the "Statement on principal adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors", relating to the year 2022, was also published.

## Performance of Bond Funds

The rising interest rate environment was the main catalyst for the strong increase in assets under management by Bond funds during the first half of 2023. Investors sought refuge in this asset class, which was strengthened by the support of central bank policies, as well as by corporate results in line with expectations. The increase in yield from applications aligned with Euribor rates led to the construction of financial solutions with a predetermined term and yield, with great sales success, which resulted in a substantial increase in assets under management in this category.

According to data from APFIPP (the Portuguese Association of Investment Funds, Pension Funds and Asset Management), the six- and twelve-month returns of almost all Bond funds were positive, thus enabling us to forget a good part of the negative returns for the year 2022. The market share of this category of funds was the one that recorded the greatest growth in the first six months of 2023.

Funds in this category contributed to an increase of €157.9m in assets managed by IMGA, with a substantial part resulting from net sales of pre-defined income and duration funds.

The 12-month return varied between the -2.9% of the IMGA European Public Debt fund (Category A) and the 2.4% of the IMGA Rendimento Mais fund, which highlights the different behaviour in terms of returns of interest rates of public or private issues, as well as in terms of geography. The immediate effect of the rise in interest rates compromised the performance of funds indexed to European public debt, as opposed to the support obtained in other debt categories, namely private debt, supported by good corporate results.

In the first half of 2023, two new bond funds were created: the IMGA Financial Bonds 3y 2.25% Série I - Category A fund in February and the IMGA Financial Bonds 3.5Y Fund - Category A in June; these two new funds held portfolios of, respectively, €184m and €5m at the end of June 2023.

At the end of June, IMGA's assets under management in this category of investment funds totalled €834m, spread across 8 funds.

	1 YEAR			3 YEARS			5 YEARS		
BOND FUNDS	Annual Risk		Annual	Risk		Annual	Risk	Risk	
	Performance	Volatility	SRI	Performance	Volatility SRI		Performance	Volatility SRI	
IMGA EURO TAXA VARIAVEL CAT A	1,69%	1,07%	2	-0,34%	0,99%	2	-0,28%	1,47%	2
IMGA EURO TAXA VARIAVEL CAT R	1,62%	1,08%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CA RENDIMENTO	1,79%	1,37%	2	-0,66%	1,25%	2	-0,58%	1,97%	2
MGA RENDIMENTO SEMESTRAL CAT A	1,79%	1,87%	2	-1,32%	1,76%	2	-0,80%	2,32%	2
MGA RENDIMENTO SEMESTRAL CAT R	1,78%	1,87%	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
MGA DÍVIDA PÚBLICA EUROPEIA CAT A	-2,89%	4,34%	3	-3,94%	3,82%	3	-1,19%	4,06%	3
MGA DÍVIDA PÚBLICA EUROPEIA CAT R	-2,88%	4,35%	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
MGA IBERIA FIXED INCOME ESG CAT A	1,37%	3,22%	3	-2,74%	3,06%	3	-1,35%	4,21%	3
IMGA IBERIA FIXED INCOME ESG CAT I	1,81%	3,21%	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
MGA IBERIA FIXED INCOME ESG CAT R	1,33%	3,23%	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
MGA RENDIMENTO MAIS	2,41%	3,23%	3	-2,40%	2,88%	3	-1,55%	3,25%	3
MGA FINANCIAL BONDS 3Y 2,25% SERIE I CAT A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IMGA FINANCIAL BONDS 3,5 Y CAT A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_

The Category A Funds IMGA Financial Bonds 3Y 2.25% Serie I and IMGA Financial Bonds 3.5 Y were set up in February and June 2023, respectively, and therefore have no 1-year yield.

Source: IMGA as at June 30, 2023

## Information regarding the Management of the Fund

The first half of 2023 was characterized by the continuation of the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine, by high inflationary pressures in the USA and Europe, which became persistent, and by the expressive intervention of central banks, through the significant increase in interest rates and the reduction of economic stimulus programs.

Macroeconomic data on employment, consumption, economic activity and wage pressure continued to support the robustness of the US and European economies, despite the economic slowdown evidenced by some indicators.

The liquidity crisis seen in North American regional banks - which contributed to the resolution of Credit Suisse - had a temporary effect in reducing interest rates and increasing risk aversion; this crisis having been quickly resolved by regulators, the normalization of financial markets ensued.

Additionally, China abandoned its limited policy to combat the pandemic (zero Covid), contributing to global economic growth, albeit at a slower pace than expected. Interest rates in Europe and the USA rose significantly in the short term, with a slight decrease in the long term, with the time curve substantially worsening the inversion due to fears of an imminent economic recession.

In the private debt bond market, the events described above did not have a negative impact on the Investment Grade and High Yield segment, with a general narrowing of spreads. Current credit spreads already incorporate many of the aforementioned risks, namely the scenario of stagflation and slight economic recession. During the first half of the year there was a significant increase both in private debt issues in the primary market and in the level of liquidity in the credit bond market.

In this context, during the first semester of the year the strategy pursued in the management of the IMGA Euro Taxa Variável fund was based on an active management of credit, interest rate and liquidity risks, considering the extent of the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine, the maintenance of inflation at high levels, the increase in reference interest rates and the withdrawal of stimuli from unconventional fiscal and monetary policies by governments and central banks.

The Fund's duration was managed conservatively, seeking to ensure a progressive reinvestment in interest rate risk at more attractive remunerations. The fixed rate Investment Grade segment and issuers from more defensive sectors, namely Energy, Telecommunications and Financial, were privileged, in order to ensure a conservative risk/return profile, minimizing the risk of widening credit curve spreads. Investment in subordinated and hybrid debt was also managed conservatively, given the uncertain economic outlook and the worsening of inflation.

The Fund maintained its duration levels low through partial hedging of interest rate risk in its exposure to the fixed rate bond segment. Interest rate coverage, albeit partial, ended up having a negative impact on the Fund's performance during the first half of the year.

Despite investing solely in the best quality credit segment (Investment Grade), the Fund took advantage of some periods of increased risk appetite to rebalance exposure to some issuers with more credit risk, namely subordinated and hybrid debt and cyclical sectors, to avoid an increase in volatility. The Fund kept adequate liquidity levels, in accordance with this period's volatility.

The Fund's performance during the first half of 2023 was positively influenced by the reduction of credit risk premiums, especially in the segments with higher credit risk, such as subordinated and hybrid debt.

The indexed rate segment showed great stability and contributed with an expressive valuation to the Fund. On the other hand, the fall in mediumterm risk-free interest rates penalized the Fund's performance, which positioned itself for a rate hike.

The Fund's active participation in the primary credit bond market to capture the risk premium was more limited due to the volatility of medium and long-term interest rates and in order to keep the risk/return profile of the investments adjusted.

At the end of June 2023, Category A of shares of the IMGA Euro Taxa Variável fund showed a 1-year return and an effective 6-month return of 1.6%, having reached a net asset value of €237.7m, 3.6% lower than the €246.7m of December 2022.

Since the beginning of the year, this Category recorded negative net sales of €13m, with subscriptions of €3.2m and redemptions of €16.2m.

Category R of shares of the Fund showed a 1-year return and an effective 6-month return of 1.6%.

As a capitalization fund, it did not distribute income.



## **Valuation Errors**

Until 30 June 2023, there were no errors in the process of valuating the shares of the Collective Investment Undertaking.

## **Subsequent Events**

On 3 July 2023, the marketing of the IMGA Obrigações Globais Euro 2024 – 1ª Série fund began.

On 19 July 2023, following the notification to the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores (CNMV) for the marketing, on a cross-border basis, of the IMGA Ações Portugal fund, a letter from CMVM was received informing the Management Company of the registration of that Fund in the Spanish market.

# **Background Notes**

### Open-ended Investment Fund

### IMGA Euro Taxa Variável

### Identification

### Type of Fund: Open-ended Investment Fund

Date of Incorporation: 23 may 2011

Management Company: IM Gestão de Ativos - Sociedade Gestora de Organismos de Investimento Coletivo, S.A.

Depositary Bank: Banco Comercial Português, S.A.

Portfolio Value as at 30 june 2023: 237 790 M Euros

YIELD AND RISK EVOLUTION										
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	jun/23
IMGA EURO TAXA V	IMGA EURO TAXA VARIAVEL CAT A									
Yield	2,8%	-0,1%	0,7%	0,6%	-2,4%	2,2%	0,2%	-0,2%	-3,9%	1,7%
Risk (level)	1	2	2	1	2	2	3	1	2	2
IMGA EURO TAXA V	ARIAVEL CA	AT R								
Yield									-4,0%	1,6%
Risk (level)									2	2

### **INVESTMENT POLICY**

The Fund will seek to provide Participants with the best profitability and liquidity conditions, according to the criteria and future prospects of the Managing Entity, by investing in financial instruments, predominantly medium- and long-term, whose yield rates depend, predominantly, on the short-term interest rates of Euro Zone markets. At least 2/3 of the Fund's net asset value must be invested, directly or indirectly, in bonds. The Fund will mostly invest in variable rate debt instruments. The Fund may invest in bonds with different degrees of subordination, mortgage bonds, bonds resulting from the securitization of loans and other debt instruments of an equivalent nature, denominated, directly or indirectly, in Euros, issued by private entities or issued or guaranteed by public entities or by international public bodies. Such instruments must present, at the investment date, a credit quality that is equivalent to that which rating agencies consider 'Investment Grade' or, if no rating is attributed, they must have an equivalent Credit Risk level, from the perspective of the Management Entity. The Fund may additionally invest in subordinated and perpetual bonds, including preferred securities, up to a maximum value of 20% of the Fund 's net asset value. The Fund may invest its capital in fixed rate bonds up to a maximum of 25% of its net asset value, and may exceed this limit, provided it hedges the Interest Rate Risk associated with the excess. The Fund may invest its capital in instruments denominated in currencies other than the Euro, up to a maximum of 25% of its net asset value, and may exceed this limit, provided it hedges the Foreign Exchange Risk associated with the excess by means of an appropriate instrument. The Fund does not invest directly or indirectly in common shares. The Fund may not invest more than 10% in units of undertakings for collective investment under the terms of Article 172(1)(c) of Law 16/2015 of 24 February.





The disclosed returns represent past data and do not constitute a guarantee of future profitability. The annualized returns disclosed would only be obtained if the investment was made and maintained throughout the whole reference period. For the purpose of calculating returns, subscription, redemption and transfer fees, when applicable, are not taken into account, being net of all other commissions and charges. The tax regime for investment funds was changed as of July 1, 2015, so that the share values disclosed until June 30, 2015 are net of the tax borne by the fund at the time, but do not take into account the tax that may be owed by the Participants in relation to income earned in the period after that date. The Fund's risk level can vary between 1 (minimum risk) and 7 (maximum risk). Lower risk potentially implies a lower reward and higher risk potentially implies a higher reward. Investment in funds may imply the loss of the capital invested if the fund is not capital guaranteed.

EVOLUTION OF THE NUMBER OF SHARES AND SHARE VALUE										
IMGA EURO TAXA VARIAVEL CAT A 31.12.2019 31.12.2020 31.12.2021 31.12.2022 30.06.2023										
Number of Outstanding Shares	47 834 519,2840	51 401 392,4304	52 766 025,3494	44 011 568,2849	41 720 102,6443					
Share Value (Euros)	5,8347	5,8447	5,8327	5,6046	5,6971					
IMGA EURO TAXA VARIAVEL CAT R	31.12.2019	31.12.2020	31.12.2021	31.12.2022	30.06.2023					
Number of Outstanding Shares			200,4009	200,4009	22 682,5399					
Share Value (Euros)			4,9859	4,7883	4,8672					

### **COSTS AND FEES**

									Unit: thousand €
		june 2023	-	2022		2021	-	2020	
Market	Region	Volume / Market	Transaction costs and Fees	Volume / Market	Transaction costs and Fees	Volume / Market	Transaction costs and Fees	Volume / Market	Transaction costs and Fees
Domestic Market	Portugal	21 453	0,0	29 079	0,0	39 232	0,0	35 068	1,5
F		13 465		5 000		16 308		12 076	
European Union Markets	Germany Austria	13 403		3 000		5 050		5 117	
	Greece					3 030		3117	
	France	33 799		26 810		31 741		36 742	
	Netherlands	19 779		21 769		28 822		14 551	
	Spain	20 354		28 925		33 057		34 007	
	Norway	20 334		20 323		33 037		54 007	
	Italy	9 049		15 081		39 465		41 684	
	Ireland	10 530		10 603		4 103		7 952	
	Sweden	9 025		9 024					
	Denmark	13 449		10 443		5 578		1 541	
	Belgium	9 562		11 351		4 999		7 745	
	Finland					1 528			
	Czech Republic					1 040			
	Luxembourg	10 997		19 692		14 453		16 939	
	sub-total	150 010	0,2	158 699	4,4	186 143	6,0	178 354	6,2
Other Markets	EUA	23 366		20 367		23 279		29 058	
	Australia			2 002		2 013		2 019	
	Japan			4 635		11 903		9 956	
	China								
	United Arab Emirates	4 922		4 340		7 597		3 515	
	Switzerland	4 922 20 919		4 340 18 688		7 597 27 151		22 327	
	United Kingdom	20 919		18 688		27 151		22 327	
	Jersey Canada	12 026		2 917				2 610	
	Canada Chile	12 020		2 917		1 571		2 010	
	New Zealand					1 188			
	Brazil					1 100		1 605	
		C4 224	••		••	74 700	••	74 000	
	sub-total	61 234	0,0	52 949	0,0	74 703	0,0	71 088	0,0
	Tatal	222.000	0.2	240 727	4.4	200.070	6.0	204 540	
	Total	232 696	0,2	240 727	4,4	300 078	6,0	284 510	7,7

### NET WORTH STATEMENT

	30.06.2023
Securities	217 696 365
Bank balances	21 305 620
Otherassets	1 349 349
Total assets	240 351 334
Liabilities	2 560 849
Net Worth	237 790 486

### SECURITIES HELD

(amounts in Euro)

Description of securities	Purchase Price	Capital Gains	Losses	Portfolio Value	Accrued Interest	SUM	%
1.LISTED SECURITIES							
Portuguese M.C.O.B.V.	7 969 975	5 220	563 469	7 411 726	54 672	7 466 398	3%
EU Member States M.C.O.B.V.	186 919 577	182 986	4 213 527	182 889 036	893 187	183 782 223	84%
Regulated Ues M.C.O.B.V.	7 531 950	-	19 875	7 512 075	28 296	7 540 371	3%
Non-EU Member States M.C.O.B.V.	20 143 337	2 730	262 539	19 883 528	107 210	19 990 738	10%
TOTAL	222 564 839	190 936	5 059 409	217 696 365	1 083 366	218 779 731	100%

### MOVEMENTS

(Amounts in Euro)

	(Amounts in Euro)
Income	
Investment income	-
Other income	3 306 659
Capital gains from investments	2 370 781
Costs	
Management costs	(781 331)
Deposit costs	(60 101)
Other charges, fees and taxes	(164 928)
Investment losses	(693 599)
Trading costs	(1 784)
Net income	3 975 697
Distributed income	-
Increase or decrease in the capital account	
Subscriptions	3 310 762
Redemptions	(16 159 869)

### NET ASSET VALUE AND SHARE VALUE

(Amounts in Euro)

	IMGA EURO TAXA VA	ARIAVEL CAT A	IMGA EURO TAXA VAF	RIAVEL CAT R
	Net Asset Value of the Fund	Share Value	Net Asset Value of the Fund	Share Value
31.12.2021	307 767 044,95	5,8327	999,16	4,9859
31.12.2022	246 662 935,44	5,6046	959,56	4,7883
30.06.2023	237 680 086,66	5,6971	110 399,08	4,8672

### PURCHASE AND SALE OF DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

					(amounts in Euro)
Description	31.12.2022	Purchases	Sales	Capital Gains / Losses	30.06.2023
Foreign Exchange Transactions					
Interest rate Transactions	(14 211 800)	=	14 211 800	(113 500)	-
Price Transactions					

# **Balance Sheet**

Regarding the period ended on 30 June 2023



		ASSETS				
			-	31/12/2022		
Code	Designation	Gross Value	Gains	Losses	Net Value	Net Value
	Other Assets					
32	Tangible Assets from SIM					
33	Intangible Assets from SIM					
	Total Other Assets from SIM					
	Total Other Assets from Silvi					
	Securities Portfolio					
21	Bonds	222 564 839	190 936	(5 059 409)	217 696 365	218 727 3
22	Shares					
23	Other Equity Instruments					
24	Undertakings for collective investment units					
25	Rights					
26	Other Debt instruments					1 000 0
	Total Securities Portfolio	222 564 839	190 936	(5 059 409)	217 696 365	219 727 3
	Other Assets					
31	Other assets					
	Other Assets Total					
	Third Parties					
11++418		168 739			168 739	640 3
1111410	DEDICTS ACCOUNTS	100 733			100 733	0403
	Total Receivables	168 739			168 739	640 3
	Cash and Cash Equivalents					
11	Cash					
12	Cash Deposits	6 305 620			6 305 620	4 751 9
13	Term Deposits	15 000 000			15 000 000	21 000 0
14	Deposit Certificates					
18	Other Cash and Cash Equivalents					
	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	21 305 620		·	21 305 620	25 751 9
	Accruals and Deferrals					
51	Accrued Income	1 180 610			1 180 610	864 4
52	Expenses with Deferred Cost					
53	Other Accruals and Deferrals	0			0	28 6
59	Assets Clearing Accounts					
	Total Accruals and Deferrals Assets	1 180 610			1 180 610	893 1
			190 936	(5 059 409)	240 351 334	247 012 7
	TOTAL ASSETS	245 219 808	190 936	(5 035 405)	240 331 334	
	TOTAL ASSETS	245 219 808	190 936	(3 033 403)	240 331 334	217 012 7
	TOTAL ASSETS  Total Number of Outstanding Participation Units - Class A		190 930	(5 055 405)	41 720 103	44 011 56

		Perio	ds
Code	Designation	30/06/2023	31/12/2022
	OIC Capital		
C1	T	200 712 600	220.050.040
61	Undertakings for collective investment units	208 713 698	220 058 840
62	Equity Variations	(1 155 312)	348 652
64	Accumulated Retain Earnings	26 256 403	37 575 951
65	Distribute income		
67	Advance Dividends from SIM		
66	Profit or Loss for the Period	3 975 697	(11 319 548)
	Total OIC Capital	237 790 486	246 663 895
	Accumulated Provisions		
481	Provisions		
401	TTOVISIONS		
	Total Accumulated Provisions		-
	Total Accumulated Provisions		
	Third Parties		
421	Redemptions Payable to Participants	217 738	51 929
422	Income Payable to Participants		
423	Fees Payable	145 980	93 765
424++429	Other Creditors Accounts	2 194 083	199 204
43+12	Loans		
44	Personal		
46	Shareholders		
	Total Payables	2 557 801	344 898
	,		
	Accruals and Deferrals		
55	Accrued expenses	3 048	3 075
56	Deferred Income	3 040	913
58	Other Accruals and Deferrals		913
59	Liabilities Clearing Accounts		
	Total Accruals and Deferrals Liabilities	3 048	3 988
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	240 351 334	247 012 781
	. o me embernes mas equiti	2.0 331 334	2.7.512.761
	Participation Unit Value - Class A	5,6971	5,6046
	Participation Unit Value - Class R	4,8672	4,7883

LIABILITIES



### RIGHTS ON THIRD PARTIES

### RESPONSABILITIES TO THIRD PARTIES

		Perio	ods
Code	Designation	30/06/2023	31/12/2022
	Foreign Exchange Operations		
911	Spot		
912	Term (currency forwards)		
913	Currency swaps		
914	Options		
915	Futures		
	Total		
	Interest Rate Operations		
921	Forward contracts (FRA)		
922	Interest Rate Swaps		
923	Interest rate guarantee contracts		
924	Options		
925	Futures		
	Total		
	Operations On Quotes		
934	Options		
935	Futures		
	Total		
	Third Party Commitments		
942	Forward operations (assets report)		
944	Assets given in guarantee		
945	securities loans		
	Total		
	TOTAL RIGHTS		
99	COUNTERPART ACCOUNTS		14 211 8

	<u>Periods</u>		
Designation	30/06/2023	31/12/2022	
reign Exchange Operations			
ot			
rm (currency forwards)			
rrency swaps			
otions			
tures			
Total			
terest Rate Operations			
rward contracts (FRA)			
erest Rate Swaps			
erest rate guarantee contracts			
otions			
tures		14 211 800	
Total		14 211 800	
perations On Quotes			
otions			
tures			
Total			
ommitments to Third Parties			
derwriting for securities			
rward operations (assets report)			
sets given in guarantee			
Total			
TOTAL RESPONSABILITIES		14 211 800	
DUNTERPART ACCOUNTS			
DUNTERPART	ACCOUNTS	ACCOUNTS	

# **Income Statement**

Regarding the period ended on 30 June 2023



#### EXPENSES AND LOSSES

		Periods			
Code	Designation	30/06/2023	30/06/2022		
	Current Expenses and Losses	<u> </u>			
	Interest and Expenses Equivalents				
711+718	Of Current Operations	49 032			
719	Of Off-balance sheet Operations				
	Commissions and Fees				
722+723	From the Securities Portfolio and Other Assets	1 784	3 89		
724++728	Other Current Operations	860 179	582 3		
729	Of Off-balance sheet Operations				
	Losses in Financial Operations				
732+733	From the Securities Portfolio and Other Assets	273 249	12 532 3		
731+738	Other Current Operations				
739	Of Off-balance sheet Operations	420 350	4 746 4		
	Taxes				
7411+7421	Capital Income Taxes and Equity Increments				
7412+7422	Indirect Taxes	94 100	92 3		
7418+7428	Other Taxes				
	Provisions for the Period				
751	Provisions				
77	Other Current Expenses and Losses	3 048	3 0		
	Total Other Current Expenses and Losses (A)	1 701 742	17 960 4		
79	Other Current Expenses and Losses SIM				
	Total Other Current Expenses and Losses SIM (C)				
	Eventual Expenses and Losses				
781	Bad Debts				
782	Extraordinary Losses				
783	Losses Attributable to Previous Years				
788	Other Eventual Expenses and Losses				
	Total Eventual Expenses and Losses (E)				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
63	Income tax for the Period				
66	Profit or Loss for the Period (if>0)	3 975 697			
	TOTAL	5 677 440	17 960 4		
*2/3/4/5)-(7*2/3)	Securities Portfolio and Other Assets Profit or Loss	4 976 612	(11 297 24		
8*9 - 7*9	Off-Balance Sheet Operations Profit or Loss	(93 485)	562 9		

### INCOME AND GAINS

	INCOME AND GAINS	Perio	ds
Code	Designation	30/06/2023	30/06/2022
	Current Income and Gains	-	
	Interest and Income Equivalents		
812+813	From the Securities Portfolio and Other Assets	3 207 729	838 059
811+814+827+818	Of Current Operations	98 770	3 168
819	Of Off-balance sheet Operations		
	Securities Income		
822++824+825	From the Securities Portfolio and Other Assets		
829	Of Off-balance sheet Operations		
	Gains in Financial Operations		
832+833	From the Securities Portfolio and Other Assets	2 043 916	400 947
831+838	Of Current Operations	2010310	100 5 17
839	Of Off-balance sheet Operations	326 865	5 309 460
033	Provisions or Reversal of Provisions	320 003	3 303 400
	Provisions of Neversal of Provisions		
851	Provisions		
87	Other Current Income and Gains	0	0
07	Other current income and dains	O	O
	Total Other Current Income and Gains (B)	5 677 280	6 551 634
	Total Other Current Income and Gains (b)	3 677 280	0 331 034
89	Other Current Income and Gains SIM		
	Total Other Current Income and Gains SIM (D)		
	Eventual Income and Gains		
881	Bad Debts Recovery		
882	Extraordinary Gains		
883	Gains Attributable to Previous Years		
888	Other Eventual Income and Gains	160	436
000	Other Eventual Income and Gallis	100	430
	Total Other Secretarille come and Griev (5)	160	426
	Total Other Eventual Income and Gains (F)	160	436
66	Profit or Loss for the Period (if<0)		11 408 387
	, ,		
	TOTAL	5 677 440	17 960 457
F - E	Eventual Profit or Loss	160	436
B+D+F-A-C-E+74X1	Profit or Loss Before Tax Income	3 975 697	(11 408 387)
B+D-A-C	Profit or Loss for the Period	3 975 697	(11 408 387)

# **Cash Flow Statement**

Regarding the period ended on 30 June 2023

(Eur)

CASH FLOWS	30/ju	ın/23	30/jun/22		
OPERATION ON FUNDS UNITS					
RECEIPTS:		3 310 762		8 705 686	
Subscription of participation units	3 310 762	3310,702	8 705 686	0,0000	
PAYMENTS:		15 994 060		44 319 968	
Redemptions of units	15 994 060		44 319 968		
Income paid to participants					
 Cash Flows of operations over Funds units		(12 683 298)		(35 614 282)	
OPERATIONS WITH THE SECURITIES PORTFOLIO AND OTHER ASSETS					
RECEIPTS:		110 991 321		114 404 729	
Sale of securities and other assets	83 372 357	110 991 321	98 051 059	114 404 729	
Redemption of securities and other assets	25 000 467		15 510 856		
Redemptions of units in other Funds					
Securities and other assets income					
Sales of securities and other assets with repurchase agreement					
Interest and income equivalents received	2 618 497		842 813		
Other receipts related to the portfolio					
PAYMENTS:		102 295 108		72 607 060	
Purchase of securities and other assets	102 291 979		72 601 897		
Securities subscription					
Units subscription in other Funds					
Stock exchange commissions paid					
Sales of securities with repurchase agreement					
Interest and expense equivalents paid Brokerage commissions	240		2 624		
Other fees and commissions	18		2 024		
	10		255		
Other payments related to the portfolio	2 871		2 243		
Cash Flows of operations in the securities portfolio and other assets		8 696 213		41 797 670	
TERM AND FOREX TRANSACTIONS					
RECEIPTS:		1 308 264		15 640 193	
Interest and income equivalents received					
Foreign Exchange Operations					
Interest Rate Operations	306 850		5 309 460		
Operations On Quotes	215 142		2 088 378		
Initial margin on futures and options contracts Commissions on options contracts	213 142		2 000 370		
Other Commissions					
Other receipts from forward and foreign exchange operations	786 272		8 242 355		
PAYMENTS:		953 181		13 637 568	
Interest and expense equivalents paid					
Foreign Exchange Operations Interest Rate Operations	420 350		4 385 320		
Operations On Quotes	420 330		4 303 320		
Initial margin on futures and options contracts	5 683		1 854 410		
Commissions on options contracts	2 300				
			_		
Other payments from forward and foreign exchange operations	527 149		7 397 838		
Cash Flows of forward and foreign exchange operations		355 083		2 002 624	

(Eur)

CASH FLOWS	30/jı	in/23	30/jun/22		
CURRENT MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS					
RECEIPTS:		88 876		2 042	
Overdue credit collections					
Purchases with reseller agreement					
Interest on bank deposits	88 876		2 042		
Deposit certificates interest					
Borrowing					
Commissions on securities lending operations					
Other current receipts					
PAYMENTS:		903 195		699 344	
Expenses with overdue credit					
Purchases with reseller agreement					
Interest on bank deposits	0		9		
Managements fees	756 551		526 454		
Deposits fees	63 235		75 207		
Supervision fees	21 836		22 410		
Taxes and fees	61 574		75 265		
Repayment of loans					
Other current payments					
Cash Flows of current management operations		(814 319)		(697 302	
EVENTUAL OPERATIONS		, ,			
EVENTORE OF ENAMEDIS					
RECEIPTS:		0		0	
Extraordinary Gains					
Gains Attributable to Previous Years					
Bad Debts Recovery					
Other receipts from eventual operations	0		0		
PAYMENTS:		0		C	
Extraordinary Losses					
Losses Attributable to Previous Years					
Other payments from eventual operations					
Cash Flows of eventual operations		0		C	
'					
NET CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD (A)		(4 446 321)		7 488 710	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD (B)		25 751 942		33 582 091	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD (C)=(B)+(A)		21 305 620		41 070 802	

# Notes to the Financial Statements

Regarding the period ended on 30 June 2023

### **INTRODUCTION**

The incorporation of IMGA Euro Taxa Variável – Fundo de Investimento Mobiliário Aberto (OIC) was authorized by CMVM (the Portuguese Securities Market Commission) on 16 March 2011, and this Fund started its activity on 23 May 2011. It is a Collective Investment Undertaking (CIU), constituted for an indefinite period, with the purpose of providing its participants with the best conditions for profitability and liquidity, according to the criteria and perspectives of the management entity, through investment in financial instruments, predominantly medium and long-term, whose yields depend mostly on the short-term interest rates of the Euro Zone markets.

The CIU is administered, managed and represented by IM Gestão de Ativos – Sociedade Gestora de Organismos de Investimento Coletivo, S.A. (Management Company). The functions of depositary bank are performed by Banco Comercial Português, S.A..

The following notes respect the sequential numbering defined in the Chart of Accounts of the Collective Investment Undertakings.

The notes whose numbering is missing are not applicable, or their presentation is not relevant for the reading of the attached Financial Statements.

#### 1. CAPITAL OF THE CIU

The capital of the CIU is made up of units of equal content, without par value, called shares, which confer equal rights on their holders. Shares are nominative and adopt the book-entry form. For transaction purposes, shares shall be fractioned to the fourth decimal place. For the purpose of establishing the CIU, the share value was five euros.

The share value for subscription purposes is the value of the share that will be ascertained at the close of the day of the application, which is therefore made at an unknown price.

The share value for redemption purposes is the value of the share ascertained at the close of the day of the request, which is therefore made at an unknown price.

During the period ending on 30 June 2023, the movement in the capital of the CIU was the following:

									(Eur)
Description	31/12/2022	Subscriptions		Redemptions		Distribute income	Distribute income Others	Profit or Loss for the Period	30/06/2023
		Category A	Category R	Category A	Category R				
Base value	220 058 840	2 834 879	112 186	(14 292 207)	-				208 713 698
Difference for Base Value	348 652	367 353	( 3 656)	(1867662)	-				(1155312)
Distribute income	-								-
Accumulated Retain Earnings	37 575 951						(11 319 548)		26 256 403
Profit or Loss for the Period	(11 319 548)						11 319 548	3 975 697	3 975 697
TOTAL	246 663 895	3 202 232	108 530	(16 159 869)	-	-	-	3 975 697	237 790 486
Nº Shares									
Category A	44 011 568	566 976		(2858441)					41 720 103
Category R	200		22 482		( 0)				22 683
Net asset value per unit									
Category A	5,6046								5,6971
Category R	4,7883								4,8672

As at 30 June 2023, there were 38,219 shares with ongoing redemption requests.

The net asset value of the CIU, the value of each share and the number of outstanding shares were as follows:

			Category A		Category R			Total	
	Date	Net asset value per share	Net Asset Value	Nº Shares	Net asset value per share	Net Asset Value	Nº Shares	Net Asset Value	№ Shares
Year 2023	30/06/23	5,6971	237 680 087	41 720 103	4,8672	110 399	22 683	237 790 486	41 742 785
feat 2023	31/03/23	5,6555	241 857 532	42 765 519	4,8316	63 216	13 084	241 920 748	42 778 603
	31/12/22	5,6046	246 662 935	44 011 568	4,7883	960	200	246 663 895	44 011 769
Year 2022	30/09/22	5,5870	254 134 442	45 487 470	4,7772	957	200	254 135 400	45 487 670
1641 2022	30/06/22	5,6022	260 583 745	46 515 040	4,7898	960	200	260 584 705	46 515 241
	31/03/22	5,7170	279 127 070	48 824 489	4,8875	979	200	279 128 049	48 824 689
	31/12/21	5,8327	307 767 045	52 766 025	4,9859	999	200	307 768 044	52 766 226
Year 2021	30/09/21	5,8476	313 739 852	53 653 638	4,9979	1 002	200	313 740 853	53 653 839
1641 2021	30/06/21	5,8428	297 140 108	50 856 236	4,9932	1 001	200	297 141 109	50 856 436
	31/03/21	5,8378	300 685 397	51 506 911	-	-	-	300 685 397	51 506 911

As at 30 June 2023, participants in the CIU may be grouped according to the following tiers:

Ranks	Nº Shareholders				
Raliks	Category A	Category R			
Nº Shares ≥ 25%	-	1			
10% ≤ Nº Shares < 25%	-	3			
5% ≤ Nº Shares < 10%	-	1			
2% ≤ Nº Shares < 5%	-	1			
0.5% ≤ Nº Shares < 2%	3	3			
Nº Shares < 0.5%	17 073	-			
Total	17 076	9			

### 3. SECURITIES PORTFOLIO AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As at 30 June 2023, this item is made up as follows:

1	г.,	
(	EU	П

Investment Description	Acquisition value	Gains	Losses	Portfolio value	Accrued interest	Total
1. LISTED SECURITIES						
Portuguese listed Investments						
-Other Debt Instruments						
Floene Energias SA 4.875 07/03/28	1 996 000	5 220	-	2 001 220	-	2 001 220
Galp Energia SGPS SA 2% 15/01/26	4 856 605	-	(536 515)	4 320 090	41 841	4 361 931
Grupo Pestana SGPS SA 2.5% 23/09/25	595 884	-	(18 444)	577 440	11 507	588 947
TAGUS 2009 - ENGY A1 12/05/25	521 486	-	(8 510)	512 976	1 324	514 300
	7 969 975	5 220	(563 469)	7 411 726	54 672	7 466 398
EU listed Investments						
-Government Bonds						
BundesRepublic Deutschland 0.25% 15/02/29	4 450 750	-	(24 950)	4 425 800	4 623	4 430 423
DBR 2.3% 15/02/33	3 929 260	39 660	-	3 968 920	42 345	4 011 265
	8 380 010	39 660	(24 950)	8 394 720	46 968	8 441 688
-Other Debt Instruments						
Abanca Corp Bancaria SA Var 08/09/27	993 480	-	(140 530)	852 950	4 041	856 991
ABB Finance BV Float 31/03/24	2 217 948	-	(9 434)	2 208 514	-	2 208 514
ABN Amro Bank NV Float 10/01/25	5 002 784	2 766	-	5 005 550	38 306	5 043 856
Allianz Finance II Float 22/11/24	1 335 906	-	(23 517)	1 312 389	6 173	1 318 562
Anheuser-Busch Inbev SA Float 15/04/24	4 013 343	-	(9 143)	4 004 200	28 589	4 032 789
Arkema Var 21/01/169	1 397 900	-	(157 486)	1 240 414	9 205	1 249 619
Banco Santander SA Float 29/01/26	4 517 014	-	(56 524)	4 460 490	30 949	4 491 439
Bank of America Corp Float 22/09/26	4 591 785	-	(101 325)	4 490 460	4 587	4 495 047

(Eur)

Investment Description	Acquisition value	Gains	Losses	Portfolio value	Accrued interest	(Eur) Total
1. LISTED SECURITIES	Acquisition value	Gairis	LUSSES	roitiono value	Accided interest	Total
-Other Debt Instruments						
Bank of Ireland Group 0.75% 08/07/24	1 708 356	_	(8 917)	1 699 439	12 471	1 711 910
Bank of Ireland Group Var 05/06/26	798 128	_	(44 144)	753 984	1 025	755 009
Bank of Montreal Float 06/06/25	3 000 913	3 017	-	3 003 930	7 880	3 011 810
Bankinter SA Var 23/12/32	2 600 182	-	(459 888)	2 140 294	16 829	2 157 123
Banque Fed Cred Mutuel Float 17/01/25	4 000 000	6 560	-	4 006 560	28 983	4 035 543
Bayer AG 2.375% Var -12/05/179	1 493 230	-	(96 295)	1 396 935	4 769	1 401 704
Belfius Bank SA/NV 0.375% 02/09/25	1 537 616	25 313		1 562 929	5 257	1 568 186
BNP Paribas Float 24/02/25	4 700 000	17 390	-	4 717 390	17 931	4 735 321
BPCE SA Float 06/09/24	3 800 000	-	(760)	3 799 240	9 677	3 808 917
Caixa Geral de Depósitos Var 21/09/27	2 496 300	-	(320 100)	2 176 200	7 243	2 183 443
Carlsberg Breweries 3.5% 26/11/26	899 838	-	(9 072)	890 766	3 021	893 787
Cepsa Finance SA 2.25% 13/02/26	1 053 220	-	(104 980)	948 240	8 445	956 685
Cie de Saint-Gobain Float 18/07/24	5 000 840	2 260	-	5 003 100	34 219	5 037 319
Coloplast Finance BV Float 19/05/24	4 614 270	4 820	-	4 619 090	22 207	4 641 297
Cooperative Rabobank UA Var 29/06/169	2 424 470	-	(553 310)	1 871 160	204	1 871 364
Credit Agricole SA 3.036% 07/03/25	5 001 370	580	-	5 001 950	12 180	5 014 130
Daimler Truck Intl Float 06/10/23	1 406 818	-	(5 334)	1 401 484	12 402	1 413 886
Danske Bank A/S 0.5% 27/08/25	1 417 845	8 250	-	1 426 095	6 308	1 432 403
Deutsche Bank AG Var 19/11/25	2 546 400	-	(185 000)	2 361 400	15 274	2 376 674
DZ Bank AG Float 28/02/25	4 500 000	-	(2 700)	4 497 300	15 588	4 512 888
ENI SPA 3.625% 19/05/27	999 820	-	(15 250)	984 570	4 160	988 730
FCA Bank SPA Ireland Float 24/03/24	3 700 000	16 687	-	3 716 687	2 138	3 718 825
Fidelidade Companhia SE Var 04/09/31	1 021 250	-	(151 840)	869 410	34 815	904 225
Gas Networks Ireland 0.125% 04/12/24	2 421 701	-	(55 826)	2 365 875	1 781	2 367 656
Goldman Sachs Group Inc Float 23/09/27	4 592 288	-	(120 548)	4 471 740	3 997	4 475 737
Haitong Bank SA Float 08/02/25	4 000 000	-	(4 400)	3 995 600	27 860	4 023 460
HSBC Holdings PLC Float 24/09/26	4 595 265	-	(95 220)	4 500 045	2 300	4 502 345
Iberdrola Finanzas SAU Var 16/11/170	1 200 000	-	(187 812)	1 012 188	11 702	1 023 890
Intesa SanPaolo SPA Float 17/03/25	3 000 260	1 060	-	3 001 320	3 829	3 005 149
Intesa SanPaolo SPA Var 26/01/26	1 195 200	-	(10 560)	1 184 640	16 567	1 201 207
KBC Goup NV Float 06/06/26	1 998 086	-	(9 606)	1 988 480	5 902	1 994 382
KBC Group NV Float 23/02/25	2 004 170	2 470	-	2 006 640	8 582	2 015 222
Kraft Heinz Foods CO Float 09/05/25	3 503 050	2 760	-	3 505 810	18 901	3 524 711
Kutxabank SA Var 15/06/27	2 194 302	-	(15 356)	2 178 946	4 283	2 183 229
Lloyds Banking Group Float 21/06/24	4 830 714	-	(9 114)	4 821 600	5 197	4 826 797
L'Oreal SA Float 29/03/24	5 062 284	-	(34 984)	5 027 300	591	5 027 891
MAGEL 4 A 20/07/59	1 996 151	-	(1816)	1 994 334	13 825	2 008 159
MERLIN PROPERTIES SOCIMI 2.375% 13/07/27	1 629 101	-	(250 691)	1 378 410	34 356	1 412 766
Nationwide Bldg Society Float 07/06/25	3 503 876	499	-	3 504 375	8 929	3 513 304
Natwest Markets PLC Float 13/01/26	3 609 211	11 093	- (40.405)	3 620 304	31 886	3 652 190
Nykredit Realkredit AS Float 25/03/24	4 559 530	-	(43 195)	4 516 335	2 300	4 518 635
Pandora A/S 4.5% 10/04/28	2 010 900	0.460	(14 500)	1 996 400	19 918	2 016 318
Royal Bank of Canada Float 17/01/25	4 000 000	9 160	(207 525)	4 009 160	29 641	4 038 801
Servicios Medio Ambiente 1.661% 04/12/26	2 580 700	]	(287 525)	2 293 175	23 550	2 316 725
SNAM SPA Float 02/08/24	3 899 349		(20 487)	3 878 862	23 425	3 902 287
Societe Generale Float 13/01/25 Thermo Fisher SC ENCE   Float 18/11/23	5 001 003	2 147	(35 369)	5 003 150 4 498 965	38 545 19 253	5 041 695 4 518 218
Thermo Fisher SC FNCE I Float 18/11/23 Toronto-Dominion Bank Float 20/01/25	4 534 334	12,000	(35 369)		19 253 35 993	4 518 218 5 048 993
UCI 12 A 15/06/42	5 000 000 26 822	13 000 5 164	-	5 013 000 31 986	35 993 50	32 036
UpJohn Finance BV 1.023% 23/06/24	26 822	5 164	(120.240)	1 935 160	391	1 935 551
	1 073 750	_	(130 240) (104 430)	969 320	13 562	982 882
Utah Acquisition Sub 2.25% 22/11/24  Vattenfall AB Float 18/04/24	4 502 020	8 330	(104 430)	4 510 350	33 534	982 882 4 543 884
Vattenrali AB Float 18/04/24  Volkswagen Intl Fin NV Var 27/06/67	2 658 375	6 330	(241 825)	2 416 550	692	4 543 884 2 417 242
Vonovia SE 0% 01/12/25	500 700	_	(59 525)	2 416 550 441 175	092	2 417 242 441 175
V 3110V10 3E 0/0 01/ 12/ 23	178 539 567	143 326	(4 188 577)	174 494 316	846 219	175 340 535
Other EU Regulated Markets	1/0 333 30/	143 320	(4 100 3//)	1/4454310	040 219	173 340 333
-Other Debt Instruments						
Traton Finance Lux SA Float 17/02/24	3 000 000	_	(2 730)	2 997 270	12 423	3 009 693
Volvo Treasury AB Float 31/05/24	4 531 950	]	(17 145)	4 514 805	15 874	4 530 679
1 3170 11 Cusury 7 15 1 10 at 31/05/24	7 531 950		(17 143)	7 512 075	28 296	7 540 371
Non EU listed Investments	, 331 330		(150/5)	, 512 0/3	20 290	, 540 3/1
-Other Debt Instruments						
AT&T Inc Float 06/03/25	4 002 310	2 730	_	4 005 040	10 373	4 015 413
Banco Bilbao Viscaya ARG Float 26/11/25	5 063 650	2 /30	(6 650)	5 057 000	21 462	5 078 462
Barclays Plc Float 12/05/26	4 574 169	_	(101 844)	4 472 325	26 344	4 498 669
Honeywell International 3.5% 17/05/27	1 447 028	]	(20 315)	1 426 713	6 101	1 432 814
UBS Group AG Float 16/01/26	5 056 180		(133 730)	4 922 450	42 930	4 965 380
230 3.047	20 143 337	2 730	(262 539)	19 883 528	107 210	19 990 738
ΤΟΤΔΙ						
TOTAL	222 564 839	190 936	(5 059 409)	217 696 365	1 083 366	218 779

#### 4. PRESENTATION BASIS AND MAIN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Statements were prepared on the basis of the accounting records of the CIU, kept in accordance with the Chart of Accounts for Collective Investment Undertakings, established by the Portuguese Securities Market Commission (CMVM), and complementary regulations issued by this entity, within the scope of its powers assigned by Decree-Law no. 27/2023, of 28 April, which approves the new Asset Management Framework.

The most significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the Financial Statements were the following:

### Accrual basis

The CIU records its income and expenditure on an accrual basis, recognizing them as and when they are generated, regardless of when they are received or paid.

Interest on investments is recorded on a gross basis under the item "Interest and similar income".

### Securities Portfolio and valuation of Shares

- a) The share value is calculated daily on business days and is determined by dividing the net asset value of the CIU by the number of outstanding shares. The net asset value of the CIU is calculated by deducting from the sum of the amounts which make up the portfolio the amount of fees and charges up to the moment of portfolio valuation.
- b) The value of the shares will be calculated at 5 PM Lisbon time, this being the reference time for the calculation.
- c) Assets denominated in foreign currency will be valued daily using the exchange rate published by Banco de Portugal and the European Central Bank, with the exception of those assets whose currencies are not listed. In this case, exchange rates published at midday Lisbon time by specialized entities, which are not in a control or group relationship with the Management Company in accordance with Articles 20 and 21 of the Portuguese Securities Code, will be used.
- d) Transactions on securities and derivatives traded for the CIU and confirmed up to the reference time shall count for share valuation purposes on the day of the transaction. Subscriptions and redemptions received on each day (in relation to orders of the previous business day) count for share valuation purposes on that same day.
- e) The valuation of securities and derivative instruments accepted for listing or trading on regulated markets shall be based on the last known price at the reference time; in the absence of price quotation on the day on which the valuation is being made or if such quotation cannot be used, namely because it is considered to be unrepresentative, the last known closing price shall be taken into account, provided such price was published within the 15 days preceding the day on which the valuation is being made.
- f) In the case of debt securities accepted for trading on a regulated market, if the prices charged on the market are not considered representative, may be considered for valuation purposes:
  - a. firm purchase offers or, if these cannot be obtained, the average value of the purchase and sale offers, based on information disclosed by specialized entities, which are not in a control

or group relationship with the Management Company, as per Articles 20 and 21 of the Portuguese Securities Code.

- g) When the last price quotation is older than 15 days, securities and derivative instruments are considered unlisted for valuation purposes, and the following paragraph applies.
- h) The valuation of securities and derivative instruments not accepted for listing or trading on regulated markets will be based on the following criteria:
  - a. firm purchase offers or, if these cannot be obtained, the average value of the purchase and sale offers, based on information disclosed by specialized entities, which are not in a control or group relationship with the Management Company, as per Articles 20 and 21 of the Portuguese Securities Code;
  - b. theoretical valuation models, which the Management Company deems more appropriate in view of the characteristics of the asset or derivative instrument; the valuation may be performed by a subcontracted entity.
- i) Amounts representing short-term debt shall be valued based on the daily recognition of interest inherent to the operation.
- j) The FIFO criteria is used to determine the cost of securities sold.

### Taxation

The tax regime applicable to collective investment undertakings (established by Decree-Law No. 7/2015, of January 13) is based on a method of taxation of "exit" income, that is, taxation is essentially in the sphere of the participants.

Even so, the CIU is subject to the general corporate income tax rate on its net income calculated in each year, expunged, however, of the income (and respective associated expenses) from capital, property and capital gains, as qualified for Personal Income Tax (provided that such income does not come from entities resident or domiciled in a country, territory or region subject to a clearly more favorable tax regime included in the list approved by ordinance of the member of the Government responsible for the area of finance, in which case they will be taxed). Income, including discounts, and expenses related to management fees and other fees payable to securities investment funds, as well as non-deductible expenses provided for in article 23rd – A of the IRC – Corporate Income Tax Code, will likewise be considered irrelevant for purposes of determining taxable income.

Regarding Stamp Duty, Funds are subject to this tax on their net asset value at a rate of 0.0125%, per quarter. Since 1 January 2019, management and deposit fees borne by the Fund and subscription and reimbursement fees borne by participants have been subject to stamp duty at a rate of 4%.

### 12. EXPOSURE TO INTEREST RATE RISK

As at 30 June 2023, the fixed interest rate assets held by the CIU can be summarized as follows:

(Eur) Off-balance sheet (B) Total Portfolio value Maturity FRA Swaps (IRS) Futures Options (A)+(B) 6 997 998 6 997 998 from 0 to 1 year 14 303 988 from 1 to 3 years 14 303 988 12 901 162 from 3 to 5 years 12 901 162 from 5 to 7 years more then 7 years 6 317 195 6 317 195

#### 15. ASCRIBED COSTS

The costs ascribed to the CIU during the period ending on 30 June 2023 have the following composition:

(Eur)

Expenses	ses Category A		Category R	
	Value	%NAV (1)	Value	%NAV (1)
Management fee	812 356	0,34%	228	0,34%
Deposit fee	62 488	0,03%	17	0,02%
Supervision tax	17 398	0,01%	6	0,01%
Audit expenses	3 047	0,00%	1	0,00%
Stamp duty on the value of the OIC	60 402	0,02%	17	0,01%
Other expenses	2 884	0,00%	1	0,00%
TOTAL	958 575		269	
TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO	0,40%		0,40%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Average for the period

The presentation of Note 15 of the Notes to the financial statements has been, from the current period, changed in order to detail the costs incurred by the CIU in accordance with the presentation made in the respective prospectus (thus showing greater detail than that required by Regulation No. 16/2003).

# **Audit Report**



## Auditor's report

(Free translation from a report originally issued in Portuguese language. In case of doubt the Portuguese version will always prevail)

### Report on the audit of the financial statements

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of IMGA Euro Taxa Variável – Fundo de Investimento Mobiliário Aberto (the "Fund") managed by IM Gestão de Ativos – Sociedade Gestora de Organismos de Investimento Coletivo, S.A. ("Management Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2023 (showing a total of 240 351 334 euros and a total net equity of 237 790 486 euros, including a net income of 3 975 697 euros), the income statement by nature, the statement of cash flows for the 6 months period then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial position of IMGA Euro Taxa Variável – Fundo de Investimento Mobiliário Aberto managed by IM Gestão de Ativos – Sociedade Gestora de Organismos de Investimento Coletivo, S.A. as at June 30, 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the 6 months period then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Portugal for investment funds.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and further technical and ethical standards and guidelines as issued by "Ordem dos Revisores Oficiais de Contas" (the Portuguese Institute of Statutory Auditors). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section below. We are independent from the Fund in accordance with the law and we have fulfilled other ethical requirements in accordance with the "Ordem dos Revisores Oficiais de Contas" code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of the board of directors and the supervisory body of the Management Company for the financial statements

The board of directors of Management Company is responsible for:

- the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view of the Fund financial
  position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with generally accepted
  accounting principles in Portugal for investment funds;
- the preparation of the management report in accordance with applicable laws and regulations;
- designing and maintaining an appropriate internal control system to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;
- the adoption of accounting policies and principles appropriate in the circumstances; and

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• assessing the Fund ability to continue as a going concern, and disclosing, as applicable, the matters that may cast significant doubt about the Fund ability to continue as a going concern.

The supervisory body of the Management Company is responsible for overseeing the Fund financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken based on these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
  risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Management Company internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by board of directors of the Management Company;
- conclude on the appropriateness of board of directors of the Management Company use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Management Company to cease the Fund to continue as a going concern;
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including
  the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
  and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
- communicate with those charged with governance, including the supervisory body of the Management Company, regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the

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audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibility also includes the verification that the information contained in the management report is consistent with the financial statements.

### Report on other legal regulatory requirements

### On the management report

Is our opinion that the management report was prepared in accordance with the applicable legal and regulatory requirements and the information contained therein is consistent with the audited financial statements and, having regard to our knowledge and assessment over the Fund, we have not identified any material misstatements.

Lisbon, September XX, 2023

Mazars & Associados, Sociedade de Revisores Oficiais de Contas, S.A.

Represented by Pedro Miguel Pires de Jesus (Revisor Oficial de Contas nº 1930, registered at CMVM under nº 20190019)

This report is a translation of a report originally issued in Portuguese. Therefore, according to Portuguese Institute of Statutory Auditors instructions, the report is not to be sign